TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

The Beautiful Snow
Brings coughs and colds, White Pine Balsam is a certain cure.
C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.
Always Open.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA B. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1895. No. 6

There is
Nothing in Our Store

But modern, well-made and fair priced goods. If you want trashy goods we can't sell you any.

Challoner & Mitchell,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government Street

THE
WISE MAN

prepares for emergencies.

The wise man carries an umbrella to provide for the emergencies accasioned by a shower, and not absolutely needing the umbrella forgetfully leaves it somewhere.

Result—one umbrella out.

The business man travels with a grip and an umbrella.

He seldom loses the grip but he often loses the umbrella. Leaves it in a railroad car or at a hotel.

It's human nature—everybody does it.

It does not rain at the time; he does not absolutely need it; and he simply forgets it.

To all these absent-minded people, and to the present-minded people as well, the Gripsack umbrella offers relief.

It can be carried as an ordinary umbrella—always ready for use—or it can be folded to half its regular length and carried in a case that can be placed in a grip or put in an overcoat pocket.

You hesitate about taking an umbrella on a trip because it is cumbersome, and liable to get lost.

The Gripsack umbrella goes in your trunk or your bag, takes but a moment to manipulate and get ready for actual service in time of need, and is a wonderful convenience.

A lady can carry it as she does a music roll.

It occupies but little space is never in the way. It costs but a trifle more than an ordinary umbrella and is three times as convenient.

It is thoroughly made, of the best material; the locking and unlocking devices of the ribs for folding are simple and not liable to get out of order; and the stick joins with a spring clutch that does not become loose.

They are graceful in shape, and when rolled as an ordinary umbrella present exactly the same appearance. There is a total lack of bulges at the joints, and the umbrella is as handsome as any ever made.

A child can manipulate it.

The Gripsack umbrella is for sale by

J. Hutcheson & Co.

THE WESTSIDE, December 31st, 1894.

A. GREGG & SON
...TAILORS...

Large Stock,
Competent Workmen,
Right Prices,
High Class Work.....

COAL! COAL! COAL!

The Old Reliable Wellington Coal for Household Purposes.

Wellington and Comox nut coal at reasonable prices. Carload lots at special rates.

Rattray & Hall, Sole Agents, 100 GOVT. ST., TEL. NO. 83. 24 STORE ST., TEL. NO. 197.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To the Electors of South Ward.

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the Board of Aldermen at the coming Municipal Election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

WILLIAM WILSON, Ex-Ald.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

Having been requested by a large number of ratepayers to offer myself as a candidate at the coming municipal election, I respectfully ask your votes and influence.

j8 A. J. McLELLAN.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I have been requested to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman for the above ward. I have no axe to grind, and if elected will transact your business as conscientiously as I would my own.

Jan. 8-1d H. E. LEVY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

At the request of numerous ratepayers in North ward I beg leave to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming election. Having already served two terms in the city council, thereby gaining valuable experience, I am confident I would be able to do justice to the ward and to the city as a whole. I therefore respectfully solicit your influence and support.

EDWARD BRAGG.
(Colonist copy.)

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I again offer myself as a candidate for Alderman, and if elected I shall strive hard to further the best interests of the city.

j8 S. T. STYLES.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Diego Sauriez, the Madagascar Sanitarium. Sacked by the Hovas.

Paris Newspapers Predict a Stormy Session in the Chamber of Deputies

London, Jan. 8.—A Madrid dispatch asserts that as a result of the recent negotiations, a minimum tariff has been reaccorded to the United States by the Spanish government upon exports from the United States into Cuba and Porto Rico.

Advices from Madagascar, Dec. 24, say the Hovas attacked and sacked Amboy, a mountain sanitarium near Diego Sauriez.

Paris newspapers predict that the session of the chamber of deputies for 1895 which begins to-day, will be a stormy and eventful one.

London, Jan. 8.—A Seoul dispatch says that the king of Corea yesterday formally declared the independence of Corea. A Fusan dispatch says the inhabitants of Kow Yo Kon, in southern Corea, have seized and beheaded three principal leaders of the Tonghak rebels. Rebels are fleeing in all directions.

ROW IN A CHURCH.

One Clergyman Challenges Another to Fight With Pistols.

New York, Jan. 8.—A special from St. Louis, Mo., says: A row in the Carondelet Baptist church has been made sensational by the statements of Dr. Caleb S. Purket, one of the trustees, that he challenged the Rev. Dr. R. W. Boyd of the Second Baptist church to fight a duel with pistols for browbeating him and cross-examining him before the executive committee of the Baptist Board of missions. Dr. Boyd was formerly a leading pastor of Newark, N. J., and was noted for his sensationalism. Dr. Purket, who is 72 years of age, a charter of church and a trustee of property, appeared before the executive committee with a protest signed by 42 members of the church remonstrating against the action of other members, who had decided to transfer the property to the mission board and organize a new church, which would not admit to membership some members. Dr. Boyd admits Purket did actually threaten him with a challenge.

CHEST PROTECTORS

Just the thing for this weather.
An assortment of latest designs at moderate prices.

COCHRANE & MUNY, Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—A leather purse, containing $9.75. Reward by leaving it at this office. 2t

TENDERS WANTED for the purchase of a six-room house and lot on 10 Stanley Avenue. Apply on premises. j8-2t

YOUNG GENTLEMAN, stranger in city, would like room, with or without board in some strictly private family. Address "Stranger," Times office. j8-1t

THE SINGLE TAX CLUB will not meet on the 9th and 16th insts., on account of public meetings at the City Hall. Jan. 8-1t.

TO LET—Two story brick house; 8 rooms; Cadboro Bay road; $18 per month. Nice cottage at Oak Bay; 5 rooms; reduced to $7 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

NOTICE

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Friday next, the 11th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., for printing and binding 300 copies of the Annual Report of the corporation, viz., for the year 1894.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 8, 1894.

A Safe and Paying Investment
—OR—
A HOME CHEAP!

Offers for one or both of those excellent houses, belonging to the estate of the late John E. Burke, of Victoria, Nos. 51 and 57 King's road, corner of Second street, will be considered if made to the undersigned at the Driard House, before 7 p.m., Wednesday, January 9th. Title perfect and guaranteed. Now occupied by prompt tenants.

G. B. KENNISTON.

Jan. 8-1t.

PUBLIC MEETING.

A Public Meeting will be held in the City Hall on Wednesday evening next at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of discussing the Municipal Commissioners Bill now before the Legislature.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B. C.,
January 7, 1895. j8-1d

(Continued on Page 8.)

PROSPECTS OF A FIGHT.

Corbett Discusses His Proposed Fight with Fitzsimmons.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 8.—James J. Corbett, who opened an engagement at the Grand last night, said in an interview that he is as anxious to fight Fitzsimmons as much for the pleasure of whipping him as for the glory and money at stake. When asked of his intentions in the future, Corbett said: "I shall retire from the ring after this fight with Fitzsimmons, win or loose, I shall leave the ring after this fight. I am only going into this fight because I want to whip Fitzsimmons. We are to fight for $61,000, and I pledge you my word I would not take $45,000 cash and call the fight off. I am willing and anxious to fight Fitzsimmons before anything or anybody in this or any other country."

Corbett was asked if he thought that the fight would ever take place. "Of course it will," he replied. "The match has been made; the money is up and the fight must and will come off. I think that it will come off in Jacksonville in September next. There is no law in Florida to prevent it. Governor Mitchell used every means in his power to stop my fight with Charlie Mitchell and was unsuccessful, that proved conclusively that the fight can be pulled off in Jacksonville. Besides the people of Florida and Jacksonville especially are anxious for the fight to take place in that city on account of the immense amount of money which those who will go to see it will spend." The champion expressed the opinion that prize fighting would last as long as the world lasts and referred to the comparatively few men who have been killed in the prize ring. "A champion has never yet been killed," he said. "Those who have been killed are victims of accidents." Corbett declined to say how long he thought his fight with Fitzsimmons would last. "No one can tell how long a fight will last. It depends upon the opportunities a man gets. I can't tell what my opponent will do when I get into the ring, therefore I can't tell what I will do nor how many rounds the fight will last." Corbett was asked the relative positions of Fitzsimmons and Jackson as pugilists. "In Jackson's day he was a greater man than Fitzsimmons ever was or ever will be, but I think that Jackson is now played out and is now no longer any good," he answered.

PERISHED IN A SWAMP.

Death Overtakes Two Murderers Near New Orleans.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 8.—Hunters found in a swamp back of Carrollton yesterday the skeleton of a man who had evidently been dead a year. It is supposed to be that of a negro murderer, Roseleius Julian, who killed J. G. Albet. The murder caused a race conflict. Four negroes were lynched and a large number of others left the parish for New Orleans. Julian fled into the swamp. The swamp was guarded for weeks on all sides, but Julian was never seen to leave it. As he was an expert marksman no one cared to enter the swamp to capture him. The body was found yesterday in the very swamp in which Julian took refuge when pursued by the mob. This is the second corpse of a murderer found in the swamp in New Orleans. Last week the body of Adams, the L. & N. section boss who brutally murdered a negro at Michland some months ago and for whom the police have been looking ever since, having been found by hunters two days ago, where he had died in the swamp where he fled to avoid arrest.

Condensed Dispatches.

Louisville, Jan. 8.—Sylvester and Seymour Jordan, brothers and notorious desperadoes, were mortally wounded.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 8.—The strong box of St. Joseph's hospital, containing over $6000 in checks and cash, was stolen yesterday. Alleged employees of a gas company who examined the meters are suspected and the police expect to capture them.

Patent Leather.

Japanned leather, generally called patent leather, was first made in America. A smooth, glazed surface is first given to calf-skin in France. The leather is curried expressly for this purpose, and particular care is taken to keep it as free as possible from grease; the skins are then tacked on frames and coated with a composition of linseed oil and umber—in the proportion of 18 gallons of oil to five of umber—boiled until nearly solid, and then mixed with spirits of turpentine to its proper consistency. Lampblack is also added when the composition is applied, in order to give color and body. From three to four coats of this are necessary to form a substance to receive the varnish. They are laid on with a knife or scraper. To render the goods soft and pliant each coat must be very light and thoroughly dried after each application.

A thin coat is afterwards applied of the same composition, of proper consistency, to be put on with a brush, and with sufficient lampblack boiled in it to make a perfect black. When thoroughly dry it is cut down with a scraper having turned edges. It is then ready to varnish. The principal varnish used is made of linseed oil and Russian blue, boiled to the thickness of printer's ink. It is reduced with spirits of turpentine to a suitable consistency to work with a brush, and then applied in two or three separate coats, which are scraped and pumiced until the leather is perfectly filled and smooth.

The finishing coat is put on with special care in a room kept closed and with the floor wet to prevent dust. The frames are then run into an oven heated to about 175 degrees. In preparing this kind of leather the manufacturer must give the skin as high a heat as it can bear, in order to dry the composition on the surface as rapidly as possible without absorption, and cautiously so as not to injure the fibre of the leather. It is well nigh impossible to guarantee the permanency of patent leather, no matter how expensive or how careful be the preparation, for it has a sad trick of cracking without any justifiable provocation.

THE UNEMPLOYED AT OTTAWA

More Idle Men at the Capital Than Ever Before in Its History.

Louis Victor, the Indian Murderer, Will be Hanged on the 17th Inst.

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—An order in council has been passed in the case of Louis Victor, now in New Westminster jail, sentenced to be hanged on the 17th instant, allowing the law to take its course. Victor killed an Indian named Peter. This was Sir Hibbert Tupper's first capital case.

There was a general reduction in salaries put in force to-day all over the Canadian Pacific road. It affects both the telegraph and the railway officials. Besides a reduction in salaries, some of the staff have been give three months' holidays. In this city seven or eight officers will be turned on the street. This will be very severe on them as no work can be found here at present. There never were so many people idle in the history of the city.

STARVING MINERS.

Strike of Last Summer Has Impoverished Many Families.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 8.—A delegation of miners arrived here last night from Nelsonville for the purpose of making an appeal to the people through the governor for assistance. It being late when they arrived they decided not to try to see the governor till morning. They tell a most remarkable story of suffering among the miners and say that unless aid is furnished at once many of them will die of starvation. According to their statement there are 1800 idle miners in the immediate vicinity of Nelsonville, who, with their families make a total of nearly 9,000 persons, who have no means of obtaining even the most common necessities of life and are suffering for want of food and clothing. In the five counties in that coal section they estimate there are 5,000 persons who are in actual want and must have aid. They say the great national strike of last summer impoverished them and as work has been very slack since then, they have not been able to recover. This information comes like a clap of thunder from a clear sky. No one had ever dreamed of the existence of such a condition of affairs in this state and the sufferers refrained from making an appeal until they were actually driven to it. There is no doubt the governor will act promptly and that the people of the state will respond liberally to the call for aid.

NOT THE KEY TO WEALTH.

Intellect and Ability and Not Capital Are the Requirements.

The unthinking advocates of labor often point to the colossal fortunes made by manufacturers, and assume that like results could be obtained by co-operation, says Engineering, of London. But it will usually be found on examination that manufacturing had very little to do with the accumulation of the wealth to which they refer. An example is to be found in the history of the late Sir William Pearce, related by Lord Kelvin at the unveiling of his statue a short time ago. Under his ownership the Fairfield shipbuilding yard advanced by leaps and bounds, and in a few years he amassed an enormous amount of money. But it is well known that Sir William was a skilful and most successful speculator, and that without employing a single man, other than clerks and secretaries, he could have gained great wealth. Even in his business the methods were entirely his own and regal in their audacity.

Instead of waiting in the ante-rooms of ship owners to crave for orders he put a pressure upon them that often could not be resisted. He boldly placed a ship on the Atlantic that eclipsed the renown of all that were then running, and announced that he would build others which should run either for or against existing lines. In the Isle of Man service he forced the running in a similar manner, and, in a word, was a power that some ship owners had to take into their business calculations. His gains were those of intellect, not of capital. Of course capital constituted the tools he worked with, as it was also the reward of his efforts. Such gains are as inaccessible to co-operators as the moon to the crying child.

Capital alone has ceased to be a source of wealth; it may proudce a moderate return if carefully managed, but the days when it grew like the rolling snowball, by being simply turned over, are past in this country. In the hands of a man of commanding ability, however, it acquires another significance. Just as a crowd of ignorant peasants can be converted into an army and used by a Napoleon to create an enormous empire in a few years, so money can be manipulated by some men to achieve marvellous results. But such men know their worth, and if they are ever co-operators, it is only until they have climbed the first rungs of the ladder. The possesor of the philosopher's stone does not need a partner.

The first gas company in London was incorporated in 1810.

Silver candlesticks were known in Great Britain as early as A. D. 959.

THE GLOBE BURNED OUT.

Over Half a Million Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed in Toronto.

Toronto Lithograph Company, The Globe and Other Firms Are Heavy Losers.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—During the last 48 hours several hundred thousand dollars worth of property has been destroyed in this city by fire. On Saturday night the Kennedy Wire Mattress factory at Toronto Junction was destroyed involving a loss of $44,000; insurance $22,000.

The most disastrous fire, however, occurred on Saturday morning when a half a million dollars worth of property was destroyed. Had it not been for the snow which covered the buildings, it is probable that half the city would have been burned, fire brands being blown all over the business sections of the city.

The Globe has suffered a terrible blow, its magnificent new building being a mass of ruins and its valuable plant being entirely destroyed, together with the files for a quarter of a century. In addition to this Chief Ardagh, of the fire brigade, is badly injured. One fireman was killed and a number of others more or less hurt. Besides, the inability of the fire department to contend against the conflagration caused a severe shock, for with all the apparatus at its disposal the brigade seemed powerless to cope with the fire.

The fire originated in the Globe building and completely destroyed it. The printing plant, worth $70,000, is destroyed and the paper's total loss reaches $160,000, upon which the insurance is $100,000. The Toronto Lithographing Co. is the heaviest loser, its estimated loss being $150,000, with insurance less than half that amount. Mr. McKinnon, dry goods, lost everything. He had only moved into a splendid new building a few days ago. He telegraphed his old country buyer to ship goods immediately and will resume business. The Webb cafe on Young street, was also destroyed. The following firms also suffered: Michie & Co., grocers; Miller & Richard, typefounders; Haworth & Co., belting; Wm. Brough, printing, and the Toronto Lithograph Co. The plant of the latter was in the Globe building, and the loss on it was $75,000. The Globe building, which was formerly occupied by Hughes Bros., wholesale drygoods, and fited up at a cost of $75,000 some four years ago, making it about the completest newspaper building in Canada, is now a mass of ruins. Two splendid Bullock presses, eight Mergenthaler type setting machines that cost $3,000 each are lost. The finest sterotype plant, electric motors to drive the presses, and the magnificent engines are all ruined. A meeting of the Globe directors was held this afternoon and it is likely the Globe will soon begin the erection of a finer building than the one just burned.

All the city papers vied with each other in urging the Globe to make use of the facilities of their offices, and the Empire, from whose office the Globe issued a ten-page paper this morning, two pages larger than usual, is doing everything to make the Globe people comfortable till they get temporary quarters. The paper this morning has much the same look as usual, with a heading identical with that of Saturday's issue. The Globe safe was opened after hours' work by experts last evening, when the contents were found intact.

All of the firemen who were injured in Saturday's fire are doing well, and will probably recover. The walls of the Globe and McKinnon buildings are in a dangerous condition, and will have to be pulled down. The safes in the burned buildings were taken out to-night and their contents found uninjured.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's.

MASSACRE AT PORT ARTHUR.

Times Correspondent Says the Slaughter Was Revolting.

London, Jan. 7.—The Times publishes advices from Kobe under date of December 3 giving alleged details of the massacre at Port Arthur. The Times correspondent says that the slaughter was carried on with every revolting feature of primal barbarity. Four days were spent in murder and pillage, and from dawn to dark horrible mutilation of every conceivable kind and nameless atrocities were perpetrated. Prisoners were tied together in groups, riddled with bullets and then hacked to pieces. Boats crowded with fugitives of both sexes and all ages received volley after volley of bullets. The streets were strewn with corpses, showing every ghastly form of mutilation. The Times says editorially that it is impossible to doubt that the general in command could have stopped the barbarous mutilation if he had felt so disposed, but the failure to prevent it has cast an indelible blot upon Japanese arms and has gone far to destroy the admiration which Europe was so liberally extending to the Japanese. It will scarcely be thought either that the Japanese government has hitherto shown sufficient sensitiveness in the matter.

The correspondent of the Times also said that the mutilations were carried on with every form of barbarity that Oriental cruelty had invented. The soldiers were apparently unchecked in their deeds of blood by the commanders, who, totally losing their European veneer, showed absolute unconsciousness of the effects of these brutalities on their western visitors. They did not forget to be effusively attentive to them and did not appear to suspect that their guests were filled with indignation and disgust.

Paris, Jan. 7.—The Paris edition of the Herald will print to-morrow a dispatch from Shanghai saying that China's peace envoys to Japan have been instructed not to surrender any territory. China is merely willing to concede the independency of Corea and to pay an indemnity. The failure of the negotiations is regarded in Shanghai as a foregone conclusion. Generals Chiang and Cheng, of Port Arthur fame, whom Li Hung Chang reported to the government as having died heroic deaths facing the foe, have turned up without a scratch. A rigorous inquiry will doubtless be made.

HER REVENGE.

A Squaw Marries One of the Murderers of Her Chief.

Rosebud, S. D., Jan. 5.—When Fast Thunder and Plenty Bird murdered the old Sioux chief Red Horse last week on the reservation there was a great sensation. They are Carlisle school Indians, and claimed divine authority for what they did. They were arrested and released on bail. Here is a peculiar sequel of the story, for which Deputy Marshal Liddiard is authority:

A few days ago Susie Red Horse, the squaw of the murdered chieftain, went on the warpath with a big knife in one hand and a rifle in the other. She had heard that her husband's murderers were out on bail. Almost immediately she cut her hair off, this action being a traditional declaration of war. Then she gave away all her property and started on the trail of Fast Thunder and Plenty Bird. Susie has a record. Fast Thunder and his companion in crime remembered her fighting qualities and kept out of sight. But the Indian police started in pursuit of the widow. Just as she had struck a clue the Indian police overtook her and she was compelled to surrender her weapons. A few days later the police arranged an "atonement feast." The friends of Fast Thunder and Plenty Bird gave the widow a number of presents and persuaded her to let the law take its course. The gentle Susie is 44 years of age, but when she met Fast Thunder she fell in love with him. He consented to take the place of the man he had murdered, since it would prevent the prosecuting witness from testifying against him.

EMILE ZOLA.

The Prince of Realistic Fiction.

Thus looks the master of realism. This is the man who has produced more work, excited more comment, probed more moral anatomies, than any living author. Needing a strengthening stimulant, Zola drinks "Vin Mariani," of which he says that "it is the elixir of life, combating human debility, and giving vigor, health and energy." This is high praise, but it is consonant with what has been said about this great tonic-stimulant, by all the celebrities of the day. "Vin Mariani" is the great nourisher. It strengthens the enfeebled constitution, makes the convalescent strong and well; is very palatable, never produces constipation, but rather aids digestion and assimilation. If you send your name to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, you will receive a little album of portraits of celebrated people, and you will thus learn something, not merely of the celebrated coca stimulant, but of the great people who drink it.

BRANDOLATRY AND LOVERS OF LABELS A THING OF THE PAST.

Judges, lawyers, bankers and merchants of Montreal have visited the Bordeaux Claret Company's cellars, and have pronounced their $3.00 and $4.00 wines, excellent and wonderful value. The cellars contain over twenty thousand dozens of Claret, Burgundy, Sauterne, Ports and Sherries all guaranteed pure and direct from the vineyards of France. Address for price list to the Bordeaux Claret Company, 30 Hospital Street, Montreal.

WASHINGTON'S PALL BEARERS.

The Last Resting Place of One of Them Recently Found.

Flemington, N. J., Jan. 8.—Several years ago one of the leading historians of the country endeavored to trace the closing days and last resting place of the men who acted as pall bearers at the funeral of George Washington. He only partially succeeded. Among those whom he failed to locate was George Coryell. By accident a resident of this town discovered the secret the other day. While looking over the ancient tombstones in the cemetery back of the Presbyterian church at Lambertville, 10 miles from here, he found a granite monument covered with dirt, and upon investigation the following inscription was disclosed: "Here lies the body of George Coryell, who died February 15, A. D. 1850, aged 91 years. A brother member with General Washington of Lodge No. 22. The poet has told his character, 'A wit, a feather, a chief, a rod; one honest man, the noblest work of God.'"

Some research disclosed that the shaft in question marked the grave of one of General Washington's pall bearers. The Coryell family was at one time among the most prominent in this part of the country. Mr. Coryell fought all through the revolutionary war, and is believed to have been on Washington's staff while the general was conducting his campaign in New Jersey.

"Frost Bites."

Are ugly things; a nose or ear swollen to twice its usual size is no more beautiful than it is comfortable. After trying many cures we come back and award the palm to PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, "the old reliable," which affords relief quicker than anything we know of. Big Bottle, popular price, 25c.

To Nursing Mothers!

A leading Ottawa Doctor writes:
"During Lactation, when the strength of the mother is deficient, or the secretion of milk scanty,
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT
gives most gratifying results." It also improves the quality of the milk.

It is largely prescribed
To Assist Digestion,
To Improve the Appetite,
To Act as a Food for Consumptives,
In Nervous Exhaustion, and as a Valuable Tonic.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

$1000

Will be donated to a Charitable Institution if the following statement can be refuted.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

Contains a flocculent material. 1 oz. contains more muscular nourishment than 50 of Liebig's Meat Extract or similar clear Beef Tea.

The Johnson Fluid Beef Co.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Sultan Furious at the Remarks Made by Mr. Gladstone.

London, Jan. 7.—The Standard correspondent in Constantinople says in a dispatch concerning the Armenian atrocities: "Mr. Gladstone's speech on December 29 has caused a profound sensation in the Yaldiz Kiosk. The sultan would not await the arrival of the English papers, but ordered Rustem Pasha, the ambassador in London, to wire the full text. The sultan is furious, and his waning Anglophobia has been suddenly intensified."

Thomas O'Connor, representing the American organization of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, presented to Mr. Gladstone this morning an album with an address, which was prepared in March, 1894, on the occasion of his (Mr. Gladstone's) retirement. Gladstone declared his interest in Ireland and the Irish whose cause he said he should keep at heart to the end of his life. He regretted the divisions in the ranks of the Irish leaders. The country's chances of obtaining her rights would never be as bright as they ought to be until all the Nationalists would unite. He strongly hoped that some agency would soon be found to unite the Nationalist groups, and trusted that Ireland's many influential friends in America would move vigorously for peace in the ranks of the Nationalists.

Fighting in the vicinity of Kassala, Africa, continues persistently. The Italians are said to have defeated 15,000 Mahdists, although they sustained heavy losses. Egypt contemplates helping the Italians by making a strong attack on Dongola. The government will send 600 additional troops to Massowah.

Signor Resman, Italian ambassador to France has been recalled.

Hood's Cured After Others Failed

Scrofula in the Neck—Bunches As Gone Now.

Sangerville, Maine.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"Gentlemen:—I feel that I cannot say enough in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For five years I have been troubled with scrofula in my neck and throat. Several kinds of medicines which I tried did not do me any good, and when I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there were large bunches on my neck so sore that I could not bear the slightest touch. When I had taken one bottle of this medicine, the soreness had gone, and before I had finished the second the bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHE ATWOOD, Sangerville, Maine.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

RUPTURE

More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. 116 page book free.

CHARLES CLUTHE, 195 King St. W., Toronto.

Agents: Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria, B. C.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

SPECIAL PRICE LIST FOR JANUARY.

Canton Flannel,	14 yds for	$1
Flannelette,	15 "	$1
White Calico,	20 "	$1
Unbleached Calico,	20 "	$1
Linen Glass Cloth,	12 "	$1
All Linen Crash Toweling	12 yds	$1
Dress Lining,	3 yds for	25c
Grey Flannel,	12 1-2c a yd	
White Flannel,	25c a yd	
Scarlet Flannel,	25c a yd	
Brown Holland,	10c a yd	
Art Muslin,	8 1-2c a yd	
Children's Heavy Wool Hose from 15c a pair.		
Children's Undervests from	25c each	
Women's Cashmere Hose,	25c a pair	
Bed Comforters,	75c each	
White Blankets,	$2 a pair	

CLEARING OUT WOMEN'S JERSEYS AT COST.

J. Horner & Co.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

GROCESIER.

THE BEST

Mocha and Java Coffee received fresh, ground daily, from Stemler & Earle's Coffee Mills.

A full supply of Lipton's Teas always on hand.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

Xmas Fruit.

CURRANTS AND RAISINS

Just arrived and thoroughly cleaned in our fruit cleaning machine. We guarantee the prices right and quality best at

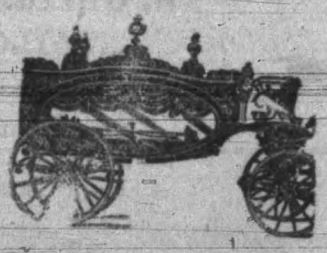
JOHN'S BROS.,
261 Douglas St., Cor. Kings Road.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

COAL. COAL.

Go to 28 Yates Street for Wellington Coal
Telephone No. 449.

G. GAWLEY.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

THE ALDERMEN DIDN'T AGREE

Matter of the James Bay Causeway Plans Revived and Discussed.

Amendments to the Municipal Act—Time on Filter Bed Plans Extended.

The council had a very interesting meeting last evening, several differences of opinion arising from time to time during the session. All of the aldermen were on hand and Mayor Teague presided.

H. Dallas Helmcken, M. P. P., wrote asking who was to prepare any amendments desired by the council and present them to the house.

Ald. Dwyer said that the council's legislative committee had the matter in hand, that they had consulted with the city solicitors, and that Mr. Rithet would very likely handle the amendments.

Ald. Wilson said that the legislative committee were watching the matter and expected that the select committee of the house would act shortly.

Ald. Ledingham said here was a difference of opinion as to who should draw up the amendments. Some said that the city solicitors should do it and others that members of the house should attend to it.

The letter was referred to the legislative committee.

Ald. Humphrey said Mr. Rithet desired to know at what figure in mills the limit of special taxes for school purposes should be fixed. He moved that it be five mills, and Ald. Dwyer seconded.

Ald. Styles said they should make it lower, and moved that it be three mills, and Ald. Vigelius seconded in a speech arguing for low taxes.

Ald. Humphrey said they were not going to put on a tax, but were simply fixing a limit. The future needs of the schools were problematical, and they should have some sort of a margin.

Ald. Dwyer said he hoped that three mills would do, but it was perfectly safe to place the limit at five.

Ald. Ledingham suggested that they ask Mr. Rithet to endeavor to secure the repeal of the clause disallowing the city the right to levy a special rate.

Ald. Wilson said he believed 2 1-2 mills would do, Ald. Humphrey withdrew his motion for five mills at his suggestion, and Ald. Styles' motion as to three mills was passed.

E. C. Holden, the successful tenderer on the extra wire for the electric light service, wrote saying that there had been an unavoidable delay in delivering and that the C. P. R. promised delivery in a week.

Ald. Ledingham said that when the tenders were called for the time of delivery was made ten days, and it was unfair to the unsuccessful firms to give the successful man extra time. The letter was received and filed.

J. E. Parr presented a lengthy letter dealing with the plans for the James Bay causeway and claiming that he had not been given proper consideration. He won the second prize in the contest.

Ald. Humphrey said that if a man's plans were within the specifications and he was awarded a prize he should be paid. He was in favor of referring the matter to the new council.

Ald. Baker believed that Mr. Parr had been unfairly treated, and suggested that the matter go to the special committee which handled the matter originally.

Ald. Harris said it was useless to refer the matter to any one. The men were entitled to the money and should get it.

Ald. Dwyer said that as he understood it a committee had reported that neither of the plans were within the specifications. That report was adopted, and there, he believed, the matter rested. If they owed any one any money pay the bill; if not, not a cent should be paid.

Ald. Wilson argued that the report was received and adopted officially, ending the matter. They had later stood a trial in open court and won.

Ald. Harris said there had been a second report from the committee, as the first report was referred back.

The mayor said that that was not quite correct. The first report was received and adopted. Then a second report was formulated by the committee, but never formally presented to the council, as a majority of the members of the latter body were opposed to it.

Ald. Harris said that beyond that a warrant for the money had been drawn up.

Ald. Wilson and Humphrey denied that that had been done.

Ald. Vigelius said that as far as he knew justice had been done.

A reference to the minutes showed that the matter was only on record in the report of the special committee made up outside the council. The report, signed by Mayor Teague, Ald. Harris and City Engineer Wilmot was also found. It recommended that the two prizes be paid, but was never presented.

Ald. Wilson said that it was simply a case of "wire pulling" to give certain people money.

Ald. Harris denied that it was anything of the kind. The second report was prepared by direction of the council.

Mayor Teague said that it was not a case of wire pulling, but a desire to act honestly and make other people honest.

There was an unsettled dispute as to whether the second committee had even been appointed, and after Ald. Munn had argued for the payment of any money found to be due the letter was received and filed. The council by a vote of five to three declined to adopt Ald. Baker's amendment to refer to a select committee.

John Haydon, a cripple, complained that Superintendent Wilson would not keep him at work on the streets. Referred to the street committee.

J. J. Honeyman, a Nanaimo architect, wrote for information about the new filter beds. The letter was referred to the street committee.

M. Morresey wrote asking for some improvement of Cedar Hill road. Referred to the street committee.

Charles R. Blake, of Devonshire road, complained that the electric light construction gang had destroyed a fine tree on his property. Referred to the electric light committee to report.

F. Elworthy wrote calling attention to the condition of Menzies street. The matter was referred to the city engineer.

F. W. Nolte & Co. wrote offering free spectacles to the poor upon certificate of the mayor. The offer was accepted with thanks.

The tenders for removing the fences from the front of the property of J. H. Treveau $158, G. Chambers $199, W. J. Bay road were as follows: Thomas Trueau $158, G. Chambers $199, W. J. Shaw $134 per lineal foot, J. W. Agnew $225, Wise & Griffiths $219, W. J. Ledingham $135, William Hatch $114 per lineal foot, Robert Nason & Co. $195.31, W. H. Pooley $234, Charles Brown $259 and Lapierre & Co. $189. The tenders were referred to the street committee to examine and report.

The finance committee recommended the appropriation of $1448 out of the electric light fund. The report was adopted.

The electric light committee were granted permission to purchase ten cords of slab wood at $1.75 per cord for use at the new station.

Ald. Ledingham reported on the condition of the tank at the corner of Yates and Government streets. He wrote that the water ran off along the sewer line, which did not speak well for either the tank or the filling and tamping on the sewer line. He recommended that the bottom be blasted level and that it be cemented and bricked up and then properly covered to keep out mud and dust.

Ald. Ledingham said it was an important matter and needed attention. He believed that it was worth the expense.

Ald. Humphrey said that it was already being repaired.

Ald. Humphrey said that it would not be long before the big main would be extended along Government street.

Ald. Ledingham said the temporary repairs consisted of "puddling" it up with clay, and 2 per cent. of the room would be taken up. It was a small tank and its usefulness was being destroyed.

The letter was received and filed.

The printing committee reported recommending that tenders be called for printing three hundred copies of the annual reports. The report was adopted.

The mayor announced that the annual reports were not ready, but would be shortly.

Ald. Baker urged that the marble workers of the city be permitted to use up their present stock in Ross Bay cemetery. The new by-law rendered a lot of stock useless, and it was rather unjust. In one yard there was $2000 worth of useless stock, rendered so by the by-law. An inventory could be taken at every yard and the matter could be fairly carried out.

Ald. Dwyer suggested that clause 15 of the by-law, which dealt with the matter, should remain inoperative for say two years. He believed that the incoming council would agree with this council in overlooking the matter.

Ald. Styles urged that the by-law be properly amended and it was agreed to let the matter stand over.

Ald. Munn suggested that the time for receiving plans on the filter beds be extended to February 4. Some of the engineers had asked for it.

Ald. Wilson objected very strenuously to anything of the kind. It was a scheme to delay matters.

Ald. Styles favored the idea, as the new council would not be in a position to award the tender.

Ald. Humphrey said that no one had written asking that the matter be delayed.

Ald. Dwyer thought no harm would come of an extension, and favored a week's delay.

Ald. Munn said there was no plan, scheme, conspiracy, ring or job in connection with the matter.

Ald. Wilson raised the point that it required a notice of motion, but the mayor ruled that it was not necessary.

Ald. Baker seconded Ald. Munn's motion to extend until January 28, and it was carried.

Ald. Dwyer suggested that $5 due one Cummings, an employe of the electric light department, who had skipped out, be paid to his landlady, but it was held that nothing could be done.

Thousands of cases of rheumatism have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is abundant reason for belief that it will cure you.

WHO IS YOUR TAILOR?

A GHOST

Of a show is all we want to convince you that our stock of suitings is the best yet imported and our prices all strictly within reason. These words stand for a long and interesting story in the way of how to dress well

Scotch Tweed Suits from $20.
Worsted Suits, $30.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
86 Government Street.

CALL AT
THE "GROTTO"
AND HAVE A BOTTLE OF
MOIGNEAUX EXTRA DRY
84 CHAMPAGNE
THE FINEST GOODS IN THE MARKET.

Warning to the Public.

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each "Peg Top" Cigar a peg is inserted, bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers and others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand.

We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.

BANK OF MONTREAL.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From the 1st January, 1895, and till further notice the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent (3%) per annum.

A. J. C. GALLETLY,
Manager.
Victoria, Nov. 28, 1894.

Don't Go Around in the snow with a horse blanket or a sack tied around your feet. Get a pair of neat City gum boots. They are both warm and watertight and you look like prosperity for very little money.

The Ladies' Wants Are met with our stock of over-gaiters, gum boots and leggings, all warm and comfortable.

Boys' and Girls' Over-gaiters and gum boots at the best value. A few dollars invested in warm footwear will save $50 or more in doctor's fees.

A. B. Erskine,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets

LENZ & LEISER,
Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing
Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company
. . . ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER . . .

Turkeys, live	10c. per lb	Chickens from	60c. to $1 per pair
Turkeys, dressed	20c. per lb	Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.	
Geese from	$1.25 to $1.50 each		
Ducks	$1.25 per pair		

22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

King's Road, between Douglas and First Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
December 14, 1894. dec14

NOTICE.

Fort Street, between Wharf and Langley Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
Victoria, Dec. 12, 1894. dec13

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
oc8-tf

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Pembroke Street, between Douglas and Blanchard Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
December 27th, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to section 43 of the Municipal Act, 1892, as amended by section 14 of the Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1894, which reads as follows:

"43. Any person who complains that his name has been improperly omitted from the Voters' List, after the same has been certified as correct by the Mayor, may, in cities, apply to the Police Magistrate of the city, to have his name inserted in the Voters' List."

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
Victoria, B.C., December 26th, 1894.

PHIL R. SMITH,
Book Binder, Paper Ruler,
& Manufacturing Stationer
32 LANGLEY STREET.

The Buyer
Who wants Choice Turkeys and Geese at the lowest price will come to THE EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE, No. 13 City Market.

For Sale or Rent
"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to
LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce avenue.

MUSICAL.

PROF. BRADLEY, Organist and Choirmaster of the R. E. Church, receives pupils for Organ, Piano, Singing and 'Cello lessons; he also undertakes the training of choirs and choral societies. Address: Balmoral Hotel. jo-1m

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

ST. ANDREWS AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

Coltart & Eteson
BROKERS
Notaries Public, Shipping and Insurance Agents. Loans Negotiated.
72 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.
S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.
Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

NOLTE'S PATENT
Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

USEFUL HORSE FOR SALE or exchange for anything saleable. Address "Dan," Times office. j4-1w

SITUATION WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED by a male cook in hotel or boat; first-class references. Address under letter L, this office. j7-3t

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A Jubilee Two-Pound Piece, mounted as a charm. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by leaving it at the office of this paper. pan7-3t

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO-LET—A few blocks from postoffice on reasonable terms to a good tenant. Address P. O. box 505. dec13-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

BRING YOUR CLEAN GREASE to the Victoria Soap Works; receive cash or soap; cor. Herald and Govt. Sts. d10-1m

MASTERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Good cook open to engagement. Apply "E," 5 Green street, city.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS hold ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. d31-3m

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate repayable by easy monthly payments by the Dominion Building and Loan Association. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

The Daily Times.

Victoria, January 7.

A POLITICAL VANDAL.

Unless the malignant intention of the attorney-general to destroy municipal freedom be met with a determined and persevering resistance; unless the people are aroused to a sense of the danger which the passage of this scandalous measure threatens, and unless they emphatically and unanimously assert their liberty and vindicate their right to choose their own representatives, the system of municipal institutions, which Canada can justly point to with pride, will disappear from the statutes of British Columbia and become a dead letter in this province. It is the most daring piece of political vandalism that has been attempted in the history of responsible government, and should the people suffer it to become law, by relinquishing their rights and becoming the slaves of a political profligate they will degrade themselves to the level of the source from which the shameful proposition emanated. The spirited action of the mayor in summoning, with commendable haste, a meeting of the citizens whose rights the attorney-general proposes to outrage demands the fullest support and calls for the fullest discussion. The voice of the meeting must be carried to the bar of the house and Mr. Davie must be given to understand that though the Anglo-Saxon race are patient up to a certain point, beyond that point it is dangerous to proceed. They will permit no tampering with the wellfounded principles of the constitution. The triumphs of self-government have been achieved by the brightest spirits of the race—men whose names will live forever in British history—and have been transmitted to our custody by heroes who suffered martyrdom and death in defense of the principles which Mr. Davie has the madness to attack. Those principles must be preserved unimpaired and we must fall or flourish with them. The annals of modern legislation fail to furnish a similar instance of retrogression as this detestable measure will insure should the people allow it to pass. Our ancestors would not suffer a subversion of the constitution from the hands of a king. Are we to suffer it from the hands of an erratic attorney-general? We prefer to think that Mr. Rithet will yet decline to become an accomplice of Mr. Davie in the crime it is clearly the intention of the attorney-general to commit. Neither will Mr. Helmcken. But in order that the representatives of this city may clearly understand the strong and unwavering opposition their constituents entertain towards the bill, the meeting which His Worship has called must voice the sentiments of the community in plain and unmistakable language.

USELESS TINKERING.

Premier Davie is making a feint at amending his precious city government bill so that some of its arbitrary provisions may be removed. We should be loth to believe that his pretences will deceive any person. One amendment is so drawn as to appear to concede to the citizens the right of electing their rulers under the act if it should come into force, but then their choice is to be limited to such men as the government choose to name. A pretence at concession such as this is but adding insult to injury. The premier has set his face resolutely against allowing any person but property-owners to vote on the question of radically changing the city's government. A business man who pays heavy taxes and has a large interest in the management of civic affairs may yet be unable to vote simply because he holds no property within the city limits, while the owner of the humblest lot is to be consulted. This preposterous proposition would never be entertained in any other place than British Columbia, or by any other man than he who is unfortunately saddled on this province as premier. As an apology for this monstrosity in legislation we are told that it will affect only some 400 people in Victoria, and that these 400 are now prevented from voting on money by-laws. This idiotic attempt at a defence will hardly commend itself to the citizens whom the little autocrat so cavalierly proposes to shut out in the cold. Mr. Davie is losing time in tinkering at so grotesque a piece of legislation; if he is going to crowd it through by the aid of his purblind, mechanical and slavish majority he might as well have it in all its original viciousness—the form in which it was most agreeable to his own peculiar taste.

In order to give a full opportunity of examining the premier's proposed scheme the Times to-day gives the original bill and the amendments. The citizens will doubtless be able to appreciate the character of the legislation and see clearly in whose interest it was conceived.

THE FISHERIES DEPARTMENT.

Correspondence of some of eastern papers shows how extensive are the affairs of the marine and fisheries department and how large the patronage controlled by its head. The following interesting particulars are given:

To begin with there are 56 employes in the office of the marine and fisheries department at Ottawa, whose salaries aggregate about $40,000. The ocean and river service of the department employs nine steamers, which cost $175,000 to maintain last year. These steamers employ about 220 men. The lifeboat service, the Quebec river police, the winter mail service to Prince Edward Island, and the lighthouses alone number upwords of 700, while the agencies connected with them employ 24 more. The disbursements of the lighthouses for oil, fuel, and supplies of various kinds amounted last year to $260,000, and of course give many opportunities for granting favors to friends. The construction of new lights, on which $27,000 was spent last year, is another important item. The signal service and meteorological service employ upwards of 200 persons, and although most of the salaries paid are small they are not despised. The marine hospitals cost $36,000 in 1893, and gave employment to a goodly number of persons, many local doctors being benefited by this expenditure at the smaller ports. Steamboat inspection cost $25,000, and employed 17 persons. Fishery protection is another large item of expenditure, which is very fertile in patronage. The cost of fishery wardens and overseers last year was $80,000. The number of persons employed in Canada in this service exceeds 700. Then come the nine cruisers which protect the fisheries, employing about 200 men, all of whom are expected to be good conservatives. The fish-breeding establishments cost last year $37,339, and employed a great many people in many capacities. The report of the auditor-general shows a long list of payments by the department for supplies, etc., aggregating about $500,000. John Costigan is now at the head of a department which disburses annually $1,300,000, and employs more than 3,000 persons.

Mr. Costigan has not been known as a particularly efficient minister, but there is some ground for hope that he will be fairer and less oppressive in his administration than his predecessor has been.

THE MUNICIPAL REPORT.

To the Editor:—According to the report in the Colonist of last night's meeting of the board of aldermen, the printing committee recommended that tenders be called for printing three hundred copies of the annual report which appears to have been adopted. This action by the council seems to me to be an unjustifiable economy. One might ask who are to be the favored electors that will be presented with a copy. Or is it the intention of the council to hang up the reports at public corners for those who run to read? If this be the method it would be well to provide the newspaper offices and the public library with a copy each, not overlooking the door of the legislative assembly and the postoffice. Mr. Milne, collector of customs, may feel slighted if one is not sent to him so that he can post it in a conspicuous place.

After the forms are once set up would it not be well to have such a number printed as would supply at any rate all the ratepayers? But perhaps the council intends that the reports will pass from one elector to another on the same principle as was often followed in days gone by in the old world with newspapers so that a given circle of neighbors might be furnished with the news of the day on the cheap. The reports of the municipal work for the year are most important and should be furnished to all parties interested.

RATEPAYER.

Victoria, Jan. 8.

THEODORE'S LATEST.

To the Editor:—It is to be hoped that the suggestions made through your columns last evening to the effect that a public meeting be called to discuss the cities government bill, now before the legislature, will be carried out. It seems to me that the citizens are paying too little attention to the measure, their attention being riveted on other matters that they hope to be carried out before the house adjourns. I am sure if they studied the bill more carefully they would realize more plainly what the government are trying to rob them of. The Colonist in a solemn defense of the bill ignores entirely the fact that only the property owners of the city are to have a vote as to whether the system is to be adopted, the other ratepayers being entirely disfranchised. Now surely neither the premier nor the Colonist has the cheek to say that a man who has fifty or sixty thousand dollars invested in business or loaned on mortgage, has not just as much interest in the city's government as a man who owns a hundred dollar lot, but the bill actually says that the man with his money invested in business shall not have a vote on such an important question as the change of the system of government. Mr. Kitchen offered an amendment to allow all those who now vote for mayor and aldermen to vote on the question, but the government and their followers with the exception of Messrs. Irving and Braden voted against it. I venture to say that those gentlemen were voicing the opinion of a large number of the citizens of Victoria than were Messrs. Turner, Rithet and Helmcken, who voted against the amendment. Of course we have all heard the rumors that Mr. Rithet would have voted against the bill if the matters which he wishes settled were cleaned up, but as much as we hope he will succeed we hardly want him to allow us to be robbed of our franchise to obtain that success. The premier has stated that he will introduce a number of amendments. It is to be hoped that they will entirely change the character of the bill. In the meantime it will not do any harm to call a public meeting and give the public an opportunity to voice their sentiments. I have no doubt but that the bill will receive the scorching it deserves.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

Victoria, January 7.

KEEP AT IT.

If you expect to conquer
In the battle of to-day,
You will have to blow your trumpet
In a firm and steady way.
If you toot your little whistle
And then lay aside the horn,
There's not a soul will ever know
That such a man was born.

The man that owns his acres
Is the man that plows all day;
And the man that keeps a humping
Is the man that's here to stay.
But the man that advertises
With a sort of sudden jerk,
Is the man that blames the printer,
Because it didn't work.

But the man that gets the business
Uses brainy printers' ink,
Not a clatter and a sputter,
But an ad that makes you think.
And he plans his advertisements
As he plans his well-bought stock,
And the future of his business
Is as solid as a rock.

ANIMALS' BEDS.

Freaks of Domestic Animals in Selecting Their Sleeping Places.

Many domestic animals are decidedly "faddy" about their beds, and while no one of any species observes a strictly uniform mode of going to rest, there is generally manifested a predilection for some particular spot and for certain surroundings. A writer in The Spectator, London, gives his experience and opinions as follows:

"We have seen a little dachshund which would not go to her basket until the blanket had been held to the hall-stove. This she required to be done in summer as well as winter, though the stove was not lighted. A spaniel, kept in a stable, used always to leave its kennel to sleep with the horse. Hounds make a joint bed on the bench after a long run, lying back to back, and so supporting one another. But sporting dogs should have proper beds made like shallow boxes with sloping sides. They are far more resting in the morning than if simply left to lie on straw. This was noted by a clever old Devonshire clergyman, a great sportsman, who observed that his best retrieving spaniel used always to get into an empty wheelbarrow to sleep when tired. The dog's bed should be a rough reproduction of the barrow, without the wheel. . . . The poet Cowper's cat, 'Pensive Selima,' was not alone in her taste for making a bed in such odd places as watering-pots and open drawers. Cats are the most obstinately capricious in their fancies about their beds, of any domestic animal. They will follow a particular rug or shawl from room to room, if it be removed, in order to sleep on it, or insist on the use of one chair, until they get their wag, and then for some reason take fancy to another. The cleanliest of all animals, anything newly washed or very fresh and bright, strikes them as just the thing for a bed. A nicely aired newspaper lying on the floor or in a chair, or linen fresh from the wash, is almost irresistible. Outdoor cats seek a warm as well as tidy bed. The writer was once much surprised, when passing through a large shipbuilding yard, to see a cat fast asleep, lying, it seemed, on a muddy path. But the spot which the cat had selected for its couch was one at which a hot steam-pipe passed under the road, and the mud was there baked into a warm, dry cake, which made not only a clean but an artifically heated sleeping-place. But the oddest taste in beds developed by a cat was that entertained by a very highly bred angora, which was just petted and admired by the family in which it lived. For some months it would only sleep in or upon a hat, if such could be found, ladies' hats being preferred. If it could discover one with the inside uppermost, it would lie inside of it. If not, such was its love for this form of couch it would curl itself around the brim, and with its long furry tail and pliant body made a fine winter trimming to a summer hat. By some accident, a drawer in which all the 'summer' hats had been disposed for the winter was left open for some days, after which it was discovered that all the hats had been tried in turn, the cat having finally selected one adorned with white laburnum flowers, which never recovered from the 'ironing' to which it had been subjected. Even the animals of the farm have certain preferences in their sleeping arrangements. Cattle and sheep, when left out to 'lie rough,' always sleep under trees to avoid the dew; and sheep, if there is no such cover available, lie on the highest, and consequently the dryest, ground. Horses seem less particular, though they have curious fancies as to their bed-litter in stables. It would be interesting to know what is the horses point of view as to the substitution of 'moss-litter' for straw, which the rise in the price of the latter has brough into general use. But perhaps the hardier animals are right. A rise in the 'standard of comfort' is not an unmixed blessing even to their owners."

Jobson—Bill Ricketts took his new girl out sleighing on Christmas eve.

Hixon—What! that one armed fellow? How in the world did he manage it?

Jobson—She drove.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER
IS THE BEST REMEDY FOR
SPRAINS, BRUISES, SCALDS, BURNS & CUTS.

Words of Wisdom

Do Not Use Medicine for the Baby; Pure Lactated Food is the Best.

Dear mother, is your child ailing? Is it getting thin and weak and decreasing in weight? If it is, be assured the trouble is with its present diet—its form of nourishment or food is sadly lacking in bone forming and flesh producing elements.

Your child requires not medicine, but a health giving diet to build it up. Pure Lactated Food does the good work in a way that no other agency can accomplish, and hundreds testify to this effect every month. A father, who has seen the happy results effected by Lactated Food, writes as follows:

"We commenced using Lactated Food for our baby two months ago. He then weighed 12 1-2 pounds and was four months old, having but very little life or activity. I think we were starving him, as we could not find any food that would agree with him. We had tried fully half a dozen different prepared foods. Our baby was fast losing in flesh, and at last my wife took him to Dr. ——, who prescribed Lactated Food. He gained 8 1-2 pounds in less than two months, and now weights 21 pounds, and is as lively as a cricket. This is certainly the result of using your Lactated Food."

RUSSIAN ADVANCES.

An Enormous Stride Within the Past Thirty Years.

There is one fundamental fact which must be taken into account by those who wish to form a clear idea of the Russian situation. It is that within the last thirty years Russia has made an enormous stride in advance, notwithstanding the stagnant immobility of her political institutions. She has become quite a new country. The economic conditions which sociology declares to be the keynote of national life have changed since the emancipation of the serfs, assuming gradually the European type. But more striking still has been her intellectual growth.

The bulk of the Russian educated class is entirely European in their culture; and for them autocracy is now as much an obsolete, absurd institution as for the intelligent foreign observers outside. Hence the deep rooted antagonism between the government and all the educated classes of the country, antagonism which found its most glaring manifestations in the so-called Nihilism, but is much broader than may be judged by this extreme manifestation of discontent.

For one man who joins the revolution there are thousands of men who are secretly in sympathy with the efforts to have done with the present regime, and to obtain for their own country freedom and representative government, which would make the Russians masters of their own destines. And behind these, there are hundreds of thousands and millions of people who, not having logic enough to fully adhere to a constitutional programme in the European sense, are dissatisfied with the present regime, and want changes in the constitutional line.—Stepniak, in The North American Review.

Miscellany.

The coasts of the world are protected by 6208 lighthouses.

The first gas lamps in Dublin were put in position in 1818, and before 1825 the entire Irish capital was thus lighted.

A musical instrument, the pyrophane, has been invented, which extracts all the tones of the scale from the flames of gas.

In 1786, Dr. Rickel, at Wursburg, lighted his house with a gas made from the dry distillation of bones. He discontinued his experiments because he was suspected of sorcery, and feared trouble.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Mindes' hair curlers at Fox's *

—Victoria College, Beacon Hill, reopened yesterday with a very good attendance.

—The local Council of Women will meet at the city hall Wednesday afternoon at 2.

—Suggestions for wintry nights—Blankets, comforters, down quilts, etc. Weller Bros. *

—The Sunday school children of St. Saviour's, Victoria West, will be held on Friday evening.

—The Kingston takes a large carload of salmon for Montreal via the Northern Pacific to-night.

—The tug Mogul returned yesterday from the Cape after towing the bark Ladstock from Tacoma to the sea.

—The ship social at the First Presbyterian church to-morrow evening should be well attended, as it will be a novelty.

—Lansdowne House annual "Mark Down Sale" will commence on Thursday next, 10th January.

—Colfax Rebekah lodge, I. O. O. F., will have an installation this evening and after the ceremony there will be a social and refreshments will be served.

—The annual meeting of the Dairymen's Association will be held here on January 30 at the rooms of the board of trade. The call for the meeting has been published.

—Reformed Episcopal church Sunday school entertainment Wednesday night. There will be a special Christmas chimney and distribution of prizes. A good programme has been prepared.

—A meeting will be held by the ladies' aid of the First Presbyterian church, Wednesday afternoon at which the ingathering of "talents" and the winding up of the year's business will take place.

—The following is from the Fur Trade Review "There does not seem to be any hurry about paying the award agreed upon for compensation to Canadian sealers, as accruing under the terms of the Paris arbitration. Some of our politicians are manifestly not aware of the fact that they are very child-like and bland, to the reproach of this great country."

—It is understood that at the next meeting of the sewerage commissions the city engineer will submit statements of the relative cost of day and contract labor on the sewers now being constructed. A section of work was done on Fort street by day labor under the direction of street superintendent Wilson. It is understod to have been a very fair test, and upon it will be based the figures submitted to the commissioners. The question is one which has attracted a considerable amount of notice here as elsewhere, and has strong advocates on either side. The report will be awaited with interest.

—The Empress of India arrived down from Vancouver at 7:45 o'clock last evening and at 8:30 o'clock left for the Oriental ports. She had a total cargo of 2,600 tons of freight, and 10 saloon and about 50 steerage passengers. Among the passengers was Hon. Mr. Foster, the American engaged by Li Hung Chang as counsel for China in the negotiations with Japan for peace. In the cargo was a shipment of 100 tons of flour from the Victoria Rice Mills. The Empress of Japan which left Yokohama on the 4th inst., had a full cargo, of which 1,200 tons, inclusive of 168 tons of silk, are for New York and other land points; 1,000 tons for Puget Sound cities, Portland and San Francisco, and 200 tons for Victoria.

—A gold watch was stolen from Angus McDonald at the Jubilee saloon last night, and Constables Perdue and Palmer, to whom the theft was reported, had an interesting time working the case up. At one o'clock this morning they arrested Geo. Shea and Charles Connors on suspicion. They separated them and the two played against one another, each striving to free himself and stick the other fellow. One finally admited where the watch was hidden in the snow on the roof of a house near the saloon. It was pretty hard to guess who did steal the watch, and there was little or no evidence. It was finally learned that the barkeeper at the Jubilee saloon had seen Connors take the watch from McDonald's pocket. Both were charged with theft in the police court this morning and the hearing resulted in the conviction of Connors and the discharge of Shea. The court sentenced Connors to three months' imprisonment.

—Fine magazine bindings at moderate prices. Phil R. Smith. *

—Cuttlery. Sheffield cutlery of all kinds at Fox's, 78 Government St. *

—Bowes' Bronchial Balsam cures coughs and colds. Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. *

—We have a number of those very pretty pictures left, at away down prices, the best effects from the best brushes. Weller Bros. *

—Lansdowne House annual "Mark Down Sale" will commence on Thursday next, 10th January.

—H. M. S. Nymphe left Acapulco for Esquimalt some days ago and may arrive at any time. It is fourteen months now since she left here for the southern part of the station.

—It's too thin—the suit you are trying to make last you this winter. You wouldn't make this attempt if you knew about Cameron's prices on suits and overcoats at 55 Johnson street.

—The list of aldermanic candidates is being enlarged daily. Ex-Alderman E. A. Bragg and H. E. Levy are out in the North Ward, Alderman F. J. Styles in Centre Ward, and Ex-Alderman William Wilson in South Ward. The "more the merrier" seems to be the motto.

—The W.C.T.U. are opening a reading room in the rooms adjourning Skene Lowe's photograph gallery on Government street. They intend to have it comfortably arranged and make it a pleasant place where girls and young women of the city may spend a few hours.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers.

—Mr. E. D. Shaw, an old time newspaper man, and at present the business manager of the Calhoun Opera Company, is in town visiting old friends, and at the same time paving the way for the coming of his company in that most beautiful of comic operas "Amorita," and the rest of the company's repetoire, soon to be produced at the Victoria.

—The semi-annual business meeting of the Young People's Union of the Emmanuel Baptist church was held last night. The reports of the various committees showed the work of the Union to be in a prosperous condition. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Mrs. Agnew, president; Mrs. Spoffard, vice-president; P. Dunkerley, secretary; A. E. Wescott, treasurer.

—The recent meetings that have been held in this city regarding the establishment of a coffee-house, led the temperance societies to hope that very soon all Victoria's homeless young men will have a proper place of entertainment. It is expected that the majority of the citizens will become shareholders in the Coffee-house company. A thorough canvass of the city will be made during the next twelve days.

—An enthusiastic meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association was held last evening, Philharmonic Hall, where the meeting was held, being comfortably filled. Dr. Milne delivered an able address on the evil effects of projection in Canada. An interesting discussion followed, those taking part being Messrs. Bostock, Marchant, Quinton, McPherson, M.P.P., Forster, M.P.P., Blackett, Beaven, Martin and others. A lot of routine business was dealt with. This evening the executive of the association meets to arrange details for the nominating convention to be held on January 18th.

—The officers of Victoria lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., was installed in their respective chairs last evening by A. Henderson, D. D. G. M., assisted by W. E. Holmes, D. G. M.; J. E. Phillips, G. M.; E. Bragg, G. S.; R. York, G. T.; R. A. Anderson, G. C.; D. Curtis, G. G.; W. H. Huxtable, G. H. The following is the list of those installed: E. Hoosen, N. G.; A. Frith, V. G.; Fred Davey, P. G., secretary; R. Roberts, P. G., treasurer; J. Shaefer, warden; W. H. Huxtable, P. G., O. G.; A. McKeown, P. G., conductor; W. Owens, I. G.; A. Graham, P. G., R. S. N. G.; A. G. Day, P. G., R. S. V. G.; F. James, L. S. V. G.; J. Kennedy, R. S. S.; N. Sabin, L. S. S., and J. Doughty, P. G., chaplain.

—The fire department had hard work before them last night, there were three fires between 8 at night and three in the morning. The first was at the White Horse saloon, Humboldt street, and originated in a room in the second story. The flames were soon extinguished. The damage to the furniture was about $150. In an hour or so the fire was out, and about 11 Chief Deasy was again around examining the premises. The fire had been thoroughly put out, no trace of it could be found. But about three in the morning the department was again called to the same place. The upper story was in flames and the roof was soon burned. Two streams were put into play, but the flames were not extinguished until $1,000 damage had been done the building and $750 damage to the stock. The origin of neither fire can be traced. When the first fire broke out Mr. Rollin, the proprietor of the White Horse and his family were at supper. Half an hour after the outbreak of the White Horse fire, the residence of Mrs. J. B. Woods was in flames; the family were out for the day and say that no fires were left lighted. The firemen found the fire in the back kitchen and in the upper story bedroom. The damage was $400. Both building and furniture are fully insured. The department was quick in responding to the alarms.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

—Tom and Jerry at the Bodega. *

—For prices plate glass see Mellor. *

—The Benevolent Society met this afternoon at 4.

—For the best flat opening blank books see Phil R. Smith. *

—Every description of blank and printed work done at short notice. Phil R. Smith. *

—At the meeting of the board of the Y. M. C. A. last night 20 new members were elected.

—There will be a public installation of Sullivan lodge, A. O. U. W. officers on Friday night.

—The Rimac sails to-night for London, England. She will be towed out to sea by the Mogul.

—Principal Paul of the High School is preparing a small class of pupils for matriculation at the University of Toronto.

—Lansdowne House annual "Mark Down Sale" will commence on Thursday next, 10th January.

—The funeral of the late William Beverage took place this morning at 11 o'clock from Hanna's undertaking parlors, Douglas street. The parents, who live at South Saanich, and one brother survive him.

—The sealer Mermaid, Captain Whitely, is ready for sea to-day and will very likely sail. The Carlotta G. Cox, commanded by Captain Charles Harris, will leave to-morrow if her stores are loaded in time. Captain Byers, late of the Cox, will be in command of the E. B. Marvin this year.

—The sale of seats for the Keene engagement on Friday and Saturday next opened this morning at Jamieson's and the boards for all three performances are pretty well filled up. The repertoire is as already announced, "Hamlet" Friday night, "Romeo and Juliet" Saturday matinee and Richard III Saturday night.

—Monday at the Week of Prayer meeting at the Y. M. C. A., Rev. Jos. Hall presided and an address was given by Rev. Mr. Clay on the subject of "Thanksgiving and Humiliation." There was a good attendance. To-day the "Church Universal" was the subject of discourse by the Rev. Mr. McEwen. Rev. Canon Paddon presided.

—The management of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway have made a change in the schedule which will no doubt meet the wishes of the business community. Commencing on Thursday the train will leave Wellington daily at 8 a.m. and arrive here about noon, and returning will leave Victoria daily at 3 p.m. and arrive at Wellington at 7 p.m. The requests of the business men for a change from the present schedule were given immediate and favorable consideration by the management.

—The attendance at the re-opening of the schools Monday was: High school, first division, 40; second, 35; third, 40; fourth, 40; total, 155. North Ward: First division, 31; second, 39; third, 34; fourth, 47; fifth, 67; sixth, 77; seventh, 50; eighth, 60; total, 405. Principal McNeill is busy arranging to transfer some 60 pupils to the Beck Bay school which re-opens to-day. South Park: First division, 33; second, 46; third, 43; fourth, 43; fifth, 54; sixth, 37; seventh, 38; eighth, 42; ninth, 20; total, 355. This also shows an increase for opening day. At Spring Ridge: First division, 36; second, 21; third, 36; fourth, 33; total, 126.

—A dozen chickens are in the basement of the provincial jail; the feathered tribe appear in Court on Wednesday morning, and James Mullin, of the Highland district will be charged with keeping them, knowing them to have been stolen. The prosecutor is Fred Robertson, a farmer of the Highland district. Mrs. Robertson took the chickens away from her husband's home and brought them to Mullin's place. She claims they are hers. Sergeant Langley with a search warrant located the chickens yesterday afternoon. There were 40 in all, but only a dozen were taken. Mrs. Robertson is living apart from her husband. Robertson only a few days ago charged Mullin with using threatening language and asked that he be bound over to keep the peace, but the case was dismissed

Queen Victoria's footmen wear wigs which have eight rows of curls, whereas those of the Prince of Wales are allowed seven curls, and those of the Lord Mayor of London are allowed six only.

PERSONAL.

James T. Fullerton, of the Canadian Pacific, is in the city.

Hermann L. A. Keller, England, is a guest at the Driard.

Misses Goodwin left for San Francisco Sunday night overland.

J. E. Clifton, of the Standard Oil company, leaves to-night for the sound.

G. B. Kennisten, Maine, and E. E. Beade, Seattle, are registered at the Driard.

F. O. Fraser, Tacoma, Rev. E. Goucher, Yale, are guests at the New England.

E. G. Austin, Seattle, E. D. Shaw, of the Calhoun opera company, are registered at the Oriental.

Use Gibbon's Tootache gum, sold druggists.

During January

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS will be offered to customers by GEO. L SIMPSON. Sewing Machines, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Graniteware, all at greatly reduced prices. By order of the Assignee.

How Big is a Dollar? $

You'll never know till you bring some here and see how mnch they will buy you at our removal sale. It is better to sell the goods off at a very low price than to move them and pay cartage, handling, etc.

SUITS from - - - $5 00
OVERCOATS from - - 6 85
UNDERWEAR at Cost

Golden Rule Clothing Store,
W. J. JEFFREE. Cor. Yates and Douglas.

PLUMPER'S PASS.

Events Among the Residents of the Islands of the Gulf.

Plumper's Pass, Jan. 5.—The islands were re-visited by a strong north east wind accompanied by a heavy fall of snow on the 22nd inst. The ground is covered to a depth of several inches, making it impossible for cattle to rustle in the woods for their daily sustenance. This is the first snow storm of any consequence this winter.

Messrs. John Jack, Mehille and Sam Collinson left this pass on Thursday to join the sealing schooners Brenda and City of Santiago.

Mrs. G. G. Taylor of Saturna Island is visiting friends on Galiano.

The election of a school trustee on Mayne island seems to cause as much excitement as the election of a member for the local or Dominion house. Messrs. R. Jack and C. D. Worge are in the field and the contest, it appears, will be a sharp one.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Bennett held a small social gathering at their residence on New Year's eve, when a very happy time was spent.

THE ARSON CASE.

Preliminary Hearing of Mat Madson Began this Morning.

The preliminary hearing of the charge of arson against Mat Madson, growing out of the burning of the home of Mr. and Mrs. James K. Smith at Spring Ridge on the morning of Jan. 3, was commenced in police court this morning and has been on all day. Mr. Smith was the first witness and told the story of the many threats made against himself by Madson and the promise of the latter, publicly made several times, to burn the house. He also swore that Madson constantly annoyed his wife before and after the marriage. Mrs. Smith told pretty much the same story, adding that she had always feared the accused. She also swore that at 11 o'clock, over an hour before the fire, she heard a noise in the woodshed and also heard a coal oil can being moved about. Some of the evidence was rather racy, and the attendance of spectators was large. P. S. Lampman appeared for the defence and conducted a lengthy and somewhat amusing cross-examination of each witness. Mrs. Smith was still on the stand when the Times went to press.

It is said that the police have no evidence connecting Madson with the crime. Madson appears the least oncerned man in the court room.

RAT IN AN OPERA BOX.

Audience Was Promptly Notified by the Woman's Screams.

There was a large and elegantly dressed throng present to see "Madeline, or the Magic Kiss," at the Park theatre, Brooklyn, Tuesday night, says the New York Sun. The first and second acts of the opera had been finished without accident or mishap, and the hero, Madeline, whom the programme calls an unkissed maid, had received her third kiss from the hero. The audience was delighted at the hero's luck in getting the third kiss, and as the curtain was let down they settled themselves back in their seats to chat about it. The few rude men to go out between the acts to get a drink of water had already left and the air was filled with low conversation.

Suddenly there arose above the buzzing not one, but a succession of shrieks. Those shrieks came and continued to come from the left-hand balcony box nearest to the stage. All eyes were directed to that box. In it were a man and a woman. The man sat with blanched cheeks staring at the woman, while she stood up on a chair screaming and shaking her skirts.

The audience did not know what to make of this strange sight. Finally the cause of it all appeared in the shape of a rat. The poor creature was more frightened than the woman. It jumped upon the railing of the box and ran up and down several times, while the woman kept up her screams.

The face of her companion, when he saw the rat, changed from white to a deep red, and taking hold of the woman's arm he tried gently to lift her from the chair. She would't budge an inch, but kept screaming, while the poor rat, half frightened to death, stood still and stared at her. This made the woman scream all the more, made the audience laugh and turned the color on her escort's face to a deeper red.

The man finally let go of the woman's arm, and pulling out his handkerchief, advanced in a threatening attitude toward the rat, yelling "shoo!" and waving his handkerchief at it. The poor rat let out a pitiable squeak, and made a movement as though to jump on the chair on which the woman stood. No sooner had this motion been made than the woman gave a long-continued shriek. Even the rat couldn't stand it. So, quickly turning, it gave a farewell squeak and jumped down among the audience. The tables were turned now, and the women in the orchestra suddenly turned pale. The rat landed without harm to himself on the soft foot of a fat, middle-aged and gaudily dressed woman. She leaped up and stood on the seat. For a few seconds she was perfectly still. Then she gave utterance to a scream equal to any that had come from the box.

Someone yelled out that the rat was dead, while another man rudely yelled: "For God's sake, don't let that woman scream again."

The woman gave him a withering look. Her escort assured her that the rat was really dead. Then, picking up her skirts, she got down from her seat and walked out of the theatre, her escort following her and carrying her wraps. The box where the rat had first made his appearance was also empty. After the theatre was over a couple of the theatre attaches tried to find the body of the dead rat but couldn't.

COUNTESS IAROZKA.

A Poor but Proud Polish Exile Earning a Pittance in Brooklyn.

Early every morning a little woman of 50 or thereabouts sets a small table on the sidewalk in front of the postoffice building on Washington street in Brooklyn. On the little table she lays a small stock of papers, and when they are sold she quietly disappears until the next morning. She is a quiet little woman. Usually she wears glasses. Her dress is faded and thin; so is she. Everything about her indicates pinching poverty. But this little old woman is one of those interesting people who have a history. She was a countess once, and is a grandniece of Pulaski, the great Polish patriot, who fought for America in the revolutionary war and fell gallantly at the siege of Savannah.

Her full name is Josephine Suffcenska Iarozka. Her story, as she told it to a New York World man, begins when, a young Polish girl, she married Count Paul Iarozka and went to live in St. Petersburg. By and by she and her husband began to disagree. She does not say what caused the quarrel, but she says that it was no fault of hers. Finally she left him. Then her husband retaliated in a manner that some people might call peculiarly Russian or Tartar. They had a son, a bright youth, and the father caused information to be sent to the government that he was in a conspiracy against the crown. One day the boy disappeared. The next the mother heard of him was that he was sent to Siberia to die in the mines. The Countess endeavored to secure her boy's release, but she could not remove the Czar's chains from him. Then she came to America, bringing with her the little money she had saved. She lived in New York and Brooklyn in cheap lodging houses until nearly all her money was gone and the time had come for her to do some kind of work or starve. Then she began to sell papers, and since has earned her living in that manner. Though in want, Mme. Iarozka retains much pride. One day when it was raining she went into a barber shop where she leaves her table and complained that the rain had wet her papers so badly that they were ruined and she had lost 75 cents. One of her regular customers offered her 75 cents.

"Oh, no," exclaimed the woman stiffly, "I couldn't do that. I couldn't take any money from you. I thank you, but you must not expect me to do that."

Finally he persuaded her to take 25 cents, but she said as she went away:

"I'll make it up to you in papers. I won't let you pay anything for them until the debt is settled."

DAVIE'S DISFRANCHISER.

Copy of the Government of Cities Bill Now Before the Legislature.

Public Meeting to be Held To-Morrow Evening to Discuss It.

Mayor Teague has called a public meeting to be held at the City Hall at 8 o'clock to-morrow evening for the purpose of discussing the premier's government of cities bill, now before the legislature. It would have been better to have held the meeting before the bill had passed a second reading, as was done at Vancouver, but is not too late even now for the ratepayers to express their opinion on the bill. The City Hall should be crowded on Wednesday evening to make the meeting a thoroughly representative one.

To give those ratepayers who have not seen the bill an opportunity to discuss it intelligently, the Times this evening publishes it in full as introduced. There has been but one small amendment made to the bill, in clause one, it now being necessary for 15 per cent of the property owners to sign the petition asking the government to call an election to decide whether the measure shall be adopted. The bill follows:

Hon. Mr. Davie.

BILL.

No. 19. (1894-95.

An act relating to the government of cities.

Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative assembly of the province of British Columbia, enacts as follows:—

1. This act may be cited as the "Municipal Commissioners' Act, 1895."

2. This act shall apply only to the city or town municipalities heretofore incorporated, or which may hereafter be incorporated under any general municipal act, or under a special act.

3. This act is divided into two parts:—

The first part relating to proceedings for bringing the second part of this act into force and for afterwards revoking it:

The second part relating to the appointment of and the government of cities or towns by a board of commissioners.

THE FIRST PART.

4. The provisions of the second part of this act shall come into force in such municipalities as shall declare it in force by a majority vote passed in the manner provided by the next succeeding sections.

5. Upon a petition to the Lieut.-Governor, signed by not less than fifty of THOSE PERSONS ENTITLED TO VOTE UPON BY-LAWS FOR RAISING UPON THE CREDIT OF THE MUNICIPALITY MONEY NOT REQUIRED FOR ITS ORDINARY EXPENDITURE, praying for the holding of an election upon the question whether the municipality shall be governed under the provisions of the second part of this act, the lieutenant-governor may, by order in council, direct the taking of a vote within the municipality of those persons entitled to vote as aforesaid, to be taken upon the following question:—"Shall the second part of the 'Municipal Commissioners' Act, 1895,' be brought into force in this municipality?" and by the same or by any other order in council, the lieutenant-governor in council may appoint a returning officer, and may direct when and how such vote shall be taken, and may make such other regulations for the purpose of taking such vote as may be deemed necessary and advisable, and it shall be the duty of the council of the municipality to carry out such regulations.

6. EVERY PERSON AND NO OTHER WHO IS ENTITLED TO VOTE UPON BY-LAWS (OTHER THAN FOR WORK PAYABLE BY LOCAL ASSESSMENT) FOR RAISING UPON THE CREDIT OF THE MUNICIPALITY MONEY NOT REQUIRED FOR ITS ORDINARY EXPENDITURE, AND NOT PAYABLE WITHIN THE SAID MUNICIPAL YEAR, SHALL BE ENTITLED TO VOTE UPON SUCH QUESTION, AND THE VOTING THEREON shall be "aye" or "nay," and if the ayes are in the majority the question shall be deemed to have been carried in the affirmative, and if the nays are in the majority the question shall be deemed to have been negatived.

7. If the question be resolved in the affirmative, then the lieutenant-governor may, at any time after the expiration of fourteen days from the taking of the poll upon such question, by order in council, order that the provisions of the second part of this act shall apply to and be in force in the municipality passing such affirmative vote.

8. If within such period of fourteen days it shall be made to appear to the lieutenant-governor in council that the said vote has not been properly taken, or that any serious irregularity has occurred in connection with the taking of the same, or that it is doubtful whether the same has passed in the affirmative or negative, or if for any other reason he shall see fit to do so, the lieutenant-governor in council may either direct the taking of a new vote, or may refer any question as to the regularity or result of a vote, or any other question touching the election, in a summary way, to a judge of the supreme court of British Columbia, who shall thereupon enquire into the same and report his conclusions to the lieutenant-governor in council, who may then either declare the result of the polling or order a new poll, or act therein in such manner as he may see fit.

9. If the question be resolved in the negative no similar petition shall be put to the vote of the electors of such municipality for a period of twelve months from the day on which such vote was taken.

10. No order in council issued under this act shall be revoked until after the expiration of three years from the day of the coming into force under it of the second part of this act, nor until a petition to the lieutenant-governor in council praying for such revocation and complying with the requirements of the former petition has been presented, and such proceedings have been had thereon as are by this act required to be had on a petition for the bringing of the second part of this act into force, and the question, "Shall the second part of the 'Municipal Commissioners' Act, 1895,' remain in force in this municipality?" has been resolved in the negative by the majority of the votes duly cast by voters qualified as above; and each and all of the preceding sections of this act shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to every case of a petition for the revocation of an order in council under this section, and to the proceedings to be had and taken thereon, and in respect of the powers to be exercised in connection with such proceedings. If the question be resolved in the negative the question contained in section 5 hereof shall not be put to the vote of the electors until the expiration of three years from the date of the revocation of the order in council bringing the second part hereof into force.

11. In case of the lieutenant-governor in council shall, by order in council, direct that the provisions of the second part of this act shall be in force in the municipality, then the lieutenant-governor shall issue his proclamation thereof, and from and after a convenient day to be named in such proclamation, and publication thereof in three consecutive issues of the British Columbia Gazette, the following provisions of this act shall govern such municipality.

THE SECOND PART.

12. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the "Municipal Act, 1892," or amendments, or in any other statute, general or special, the offices, functions and powers of the aldermen holding office in the municipality shall forthwith cease, determine and be void, and there shall henceforth be no further proceedings taken for the election of aldermen.

13. Nothing in this act shall, except as expressly provided, be construed as affecting the office or status of the mayor who shall be holding or elected to office at the time this part takes effect, nor of any future mayor to be hereafter elected pursuant to the municipal law governing the municipality.

14. From and after the coming into force of this part, all powers and duties connected with and incident to the government and discipline of the municipality, shall henceforth be vested in and exercised by a board of commissioners, consisting of the mayor, ex-officio, and not less than two and not more than four commissioners to be appointed from time to time by the lieutenant-governor in council, who shall be British subjects, and the majority of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum.

15. The official term of such commissioners, subject to the power of the lieutenant-governor to remove any or all of them at pleasure, shall be three years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified, or for the unexpired balance of their predecessors' term, but retiring commissioners shall be eligible for reappointment.

16. The statute law governing the municipality immediately before the coming into force of this part, shall, subject to its being changed, altered, modified and repealed, from time to time, be competent authority, continue, subject to the provisions of this act, to be the law of the municipality, but the commissioners shall take the place of the mayor and aldermen, and shall have all the authority, powers, duties and obligations of the council, as defined by law, and shall be the council of the municipality, and all acts referring to or vesting powers in or imposing duties or functions on the mayor and council shall be deemed to refer to the mayor and commissioners.

17. The mayor shall be deemed the head of the corporation, and shall be elected in manner pointed out by the municipal law governing the municipality.

18. No person shall be appointed a commissioner who is subject to any of the disqualifications mentioned in section 30 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," or amendments, and if during his holding office any of such disqualifications or other disqualifications, arising by law, which would be such in the case of an alderman, shall attach to him, his office shall, ipso facto, become void, and if any commissioner shall enter into, or obtain any interest directly or indirectly, in any contract entered into by or with the corporation, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against this act, and shall be liable, upon summary conviction before two justices of the peace, to imprisonment with or without hard labor, for any term not exceeding one year, nor less than three months, and to a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars. No prosecution for an offence against this section shall be commenced after the expiration of two years from the time of its commission.

19. EACH COMMISSIONER, OTHER THAN THE MAYOR, SHALL RECEIVE AN ANNUAL SALARY NOT EXCEEDING FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS, TO BE PAID OUT OF THE MUNICIPAL REVENUE, and shall devote his whole time to the concerns of the corporation, and shall not be actively engaged in any profession, business or trade, other than the concerns of the corporation. The mayor shall receive such salary, not exceeding two thousand dollars, as the commissioners, other than himself, shall fix, but shall be at liberty to pursue any separate calling he may choose.

20. Each commissioner, other than the mayor, shall give security to the satisfaction of the lieutenant-governor in council in the sum of not less than five thousand dollars for the faithful discharge of his duties.

21. Every person who shall have been appointed a commissioner under this act

MUNICIPAL.

List of Lands and Improvements within the Corporation of the City of Victoria to be sold for Taxes and Costs on the 14th day of January, 1895, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon, in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1894, unless in the meantime the arrears of Taxes and Costs due in respect of each lot in the schedule hereinunder written be paid.

Lot.	Block.	Section.		Amount of Arrears of Taxes.	Amount of Costs.	Person Assessed.	Registered Owner on the 3rd day of November, 1894, as per Land Registry Office.
Part 87	26		Land and Improvements	$ 33 30	$ 7 81	Morris Moses	Morris Moses
sub-d'n 1 of 121a	21		Land and Improvements	116 91	27 46	s. Powers	Carroll Estate
Sub-d'n 20 of 121a	24		Land and Improvements	44 64	10 48	M. Powers	Carroll Estate
Part 794	16		Land	14 91	3 49	Unknown	Unknown
874	7		Land and Improvements	13 30	3 36	Lucie Tai ault	Lucie Thiebault
997	17		Land	18 30	4 30	Estate J. Montero	Estate J. Montero
1007	17		Land and Improvements	29 46	6 91	Estate J. Montero	Estate J. Montero
1218	28		Land and Improvements	13 75	3 22	Estate of Jno. Smith	Estate of Jno Smith
Sub-d'n 13 of 1257	1		Land and Improvements	57 89	13 59	James Gibson	Winnifred G bson
5	1-16	Beckley Farm	Land	9 18	2 15	H. G. Morgan	Winslow D. Morgan
22	37	Fairfield	Land	5 35	1 24	Richard Ro d son	Joseph Phenix
29	37	Fairfield	Land	5 35	1 24	Joseph G ies	Joseph Phenix
15	38-39	Fernwood	Land	3 80	88	E. V. Bodwell	W. J. Cline
16	38-39	Fernwood	Land	3 80	88	E. V. Bodwell	W. J. Cline
N pt 5	sub	urban 5 Acre lot III	Land and Improvements	27 53	6 48	Catherine Gant	Catherine Gant
9	E sub	urban 5 Acre lot VI	Land	6 10	1 42	A. Pujol	A. Pujol
10	E sub	urban 5 Acre lot VI	Land	6 10	1 42	A. Pujol	A. Pujol
16	sub	urban 5 Acre lot XIII	Land and Improvements	4 30	1 00	John Murray	John Murray
13	sub	urban 5 Acre lot XX	Land	13 76	3 22	D. McPhadden	Not registered
43	69-72	Spring Ridge	Land and Improvements	6 12	1 43	Clara Haggerty	Clara Ollena Haggerty
9	1	Finlayson Estate	Land and Improvements	4 55	1 60	W. H. Doscher	Henry W. Doscher
10	1	Finlayson Estate	Land and Improvements	14 89	3 10	W. H. Doscher	Henry W. Doscher
2	1	Work Estate	Land	9 18	2 12	Thos. Pamphlet	Thos. Pamphlet
3	D	Work Estate	Land and Improvements	9 18	2 12	Thos. Pamphlet	Thos. Pamphlet
9	2	Hillside Farm	Land	5 35	1 24	W. J. Cline	W. J. Cline
12	34	Hillside Farm	Land	5 35	1 24	A. B. McNeil	A. B. McNeil
			Totals	$491 03	$115 71		

Dated at City Hall, Victoria, B.C., City Collector's Office, December 12th, 1894.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

MUNICIPAL

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Election for a Board of School Trustees.

Public notice is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Hall, Victoria, on Monday, the fourteenth day of January, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing three persons as members of the Board of Trustees for the Victoria City School District.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on Thursday, the seventeenth day of January, 1895, for the election of the said Board at the Court of the City Hall, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. at which time and place each elector who is duly qualified to vote for Mayor and who if liable has paid the Provincial Revenue Tax of three dollars for the year 1894 will be entitled to cast his vote for three candidates for members of the Board of School Trustees, but may only give one vote for any one candidate, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at Victoria, the 5th day of January, 1895.

W. K. BULL,
j5 Returning Officer.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

For Mayor and Aldermen.

Public notice is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of Victoria that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Hall on Monday, the fourteenth day of January, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Mayor and Aldermen.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. on the day of the domination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on the seventeenth day of January, 1895, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

For Mayor at the Police Court Room, City Hall.

For Aldermen for the North Ward at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street.

For Aldermen for the Central Ward at Barnes' Block, Bastion Square.

For Aldermen for the South Ward at No. 27 Government street, being on the east side; of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at Victoria the 5th day of January, 1895.

W. K. BULL,
j5 Returning Officer.

No Need For Sickness. Banish it. ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI does it. It keeps the digestion right.

See that no imitation is palmed off on you.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Popular and Scenic Route

TO THE EAST.

The Great Transcontinental Route from Pacific to Atlantic without change of cars. Through Daily Sleepers to all points east.

UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS to Boston, Montreal, Toronto and St. Paul without change.

ROYAL : MAIL : STEAMSHIP : LINE

—TO—

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Short Route to the Orient.

For rates and all information apply to—

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.
cor. Fort and Government St

GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist Passenger Agent.
Vancouver, B.C.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, January 19th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai—Thursday, January 10, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.,
General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER,
District Agent.

H. E. CONNON, Agent,
Bastion Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER,
Agent for Puget Sound Territory

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER

JOAN

W. D. OWEN, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893

Steamer JOAN will call as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' USE

Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. aug10

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains or approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Have used with success. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only Those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Ladies, particulars sealed in stamp. $1.25 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

STALE ADS ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.

G. A. CARLETON,
General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

WALLA WALLA - - JAN. 8.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

TIME TABLE NO. 22

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, Jan. 1st, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily	STATIONS.	P.M.	A.M.
Ar. 3.45	Victoria	1.00	Lv. 8.00
3.41	Brentwood	1.04	8.04
3.31	Esquimalt	1.14	8.14
3.25	Steveston	1.20	8.20
3.23	Parson's Bridge	1.22	8.22
3.08	Goldstream	1.37	8.37
2.57	Summit Siding	1.48	8.48
2.51	Shawnigan Lake	1.54	8.54
2.41	McPherson's	2.04	9.04
2.36	Kokaiah	2.09	9.09
2.31	Duncan's	2.14	9.14
2.21	Somenos	2.24	9.24
2.16	Westholme	2.29	9.29
2.10	Chemainus	2.35	9.35
1.50	Nanaimo Bay Siding	2.55	9.55
1.40	Nanaimo	3.05	10.05
1.10	Wellington	3.35	10.35
P.M.		P.M.	A.M.

NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
Dp. 8.00	Nanaimo	12.10	Ar. 4.15
8.10	Wellington	12.20	4.25
8.17	Nanaimo Bay Siding	12.27	4.32
8.35	Chemainus	12.45	4.50
8.40	Westholme	12.50	4.55
8.44	Somenos	12.54	4.59
8.54	Duncan's	1.04	5.09
9.01	McPherson's	1.11	5.16
9.06	Shawnigan Lake	1.16	5.21
9.16	Summit Siding	1.26	5.31
9.29	Goldstream	1.39	5.44
9.32	Parson's Bridge	1.42	5.47
9.42	Steveston	1.52	5.57
9.46	Esquimalt	1.56	6.01
9.56	Brentwood	2.06	6.11
10.00	Victoria	2.10	Ar. 6.15
A.M.		P.M.	P.M.

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all optnts, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

Sealers' Outfits a Specialty

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
...Clothiers and Hatters,
97 Johnson Street.

shall, before acting in his office, make and subscribe the following declaration before some judge of the supreme court of British Columbia, or of a county court, or before a justice of the peace, and shall procure from such judge or justice, a certificate of the same having been duly made and subscribed:—

"I, A. B., a commissioner appointed for the (city or town) of , do declare that I am a British subject, and that I am not in any way disqualified from holding the office of commissioner, and I have not, nor will have while holding office, any interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any contract or services (other than my remuneration as commissioner, by law appointed connected with the corporation. I will faithfully perform the duties of my office and will devote my whole time and energies thereto, and will not allow any private interests to influence my conduct in public matters."

22. Such certificate shall, after being presented when the commissioner takes his seat on the board, be forwarded by the clerk of the municipality to the provincial secretary to be filed on record.

23. When and so often as vacancies caused by the death, resignation, disqualification, dismissal or expiration of the term of office of a commissioner shall occur, the lieutenant-governor in council shall fill the same.

24. Notwithstanding any provision in the municipal law applicable to the municipality requiring for any specified act a greater proportion of the council, all questions within the powers of the council shall be decided by a majority of the board of commissioners.

25. The board of commissioners may allot to the individual members thereof, such portions of the affairs of the municipality as the board may consider would be best regulated and managed in such manner, but the affairs of each such department shall nevertheless be under the control of the board, and no debt may be contracted or money expended by the authority of or at the direction of any commissioner in excess of $50 at a time, unless first sanctioned by the board in manner provided by law. The commissioner in charge of any department shall have control of and may, if he thinks fit, suspend from duty any of the officers and employees of his department, but all such suspensions shall be reported to and dealt with by the board.

26. The power of the mayor under sec. 22 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," or any similar enactment, to return for re-consideration, or to veto a by-law, shall not be exercised where the provisions of this act apply.

27. In case the city or town for which commissioners have been appointed has been theretofore divided into wards, such division shall, during the time this part is applied thereto, be of no effect, but the commissioners may, if they deem fit, adopt such divisions for any administrative work, or may make other divisions they think fit.

28. The provisions of the municipal law respecting meetings of the council shall not apply to the commissioners who may, by by-law or otherwise, as they deem advisable, regulate the meetings of the board, the calling of the same, and the procedure thereat.

29. The provisions of section 137 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," shall be in constant force in any municipality governed by commissioners appointed under this act.

30. The board of commissioners shall be the court of revision for the municipality.

31. Any commissioner shall be eligible for appointment as a member of the board of license commissioners or of the board of commissioners of police.

32. The commissioners shall annually report their official doings, in detail, to the lieutenant-governor in council, on or before the 15th day of February.

Hon. Mr. Davie gives notice in the votes and proceedings issued this morning of several amendments to the bill. One of them carries out the amendment of Mr. McGregor that the petition to the government must be signed by 15 per cent. of the property owners. The other amendments are as follows

To insert the following as section 12, before part II.—

"12. The lieutenant-governor in council may, from time to time, by order in council, make regulations not inconsistent with this part for carrying out the provisions of this act and the true intent and meaning hereof, for fixing the number of commissioners and salaries to be paid them, and for doing any other matter or thing which may be necessary for giving effect to the provisions of this act. Any such rules shall be forthwith published in the British Columbia Gazette, and shall, after such publication, have the same force and effect as if specifically herein enacted."

To amend section 14 by adding thereto:—

"(1.) Provided, always, that at any time within two months form the date of appointment, but not afterwards, the lieutenant-governor in council shall, upon a written petition signed by not less than 15 per cent. of those persons qualified to vote under section 6 of this act, submit the name or names of any commissioner or comissioners to be designated in such petition to a poll (to be held under the regulations to be provided by the lieutenant-governor in council) of the persons so entitled to vote under section 6, and the appointment of any commissioner or commissioners failing to receive a majority of the votes cast at such poll shall forthwith cease and determine."

To insert the following as section 34: "34. This act shall not come into force until a day to be fixed by proclamation of the lieutenant-governor, published in the British Columbia Gazette."

ON THE DARK ROAD!

A St. John N. B., Lady Who Was Nearing the Grave.

SHE DECLARES THAT PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND SAVED HER.

The case of Mrs. William Irvine, of St. John, N. B., was a sad one, and caused her family and friends great anxiety for a time. Over work, watching, loss of sleep, and intense agony from kidney trouble made life almost unbearable. Effort after effort with medicines and doctors' prescriptions proved futile. The grave and its terrors were becoming more realistic and death's hand seemed to be firmly fastened on the victim of disease.

There flashed a bright inspiration, Paine's Celery Compound!—a thought of a medicine that had worked wonders for others. The marvellous life-giving medicine was used, and the results are briefly set forth in Mrs. Irvine's letter as follows:

"I think it a great pleasure as well as a duty to put on record what Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I have been troubled for the last ten years with kidney complaint and have tried a great many medicines and doctors' prescriptions, but with little or no benefit.

"For the last six months I have had a great strain upon my system from night watching and over work. I was breaking down; my friends said "I was going fast to death." I resolved to try your Paine's Celery Compound, and used four bottles. My kidney trouble disappeared; nervousness and sleeplessness are troubles of the past, and my general health is greatly improved. In a word, I am cured; and I wish you to publish this so that the world can read it."

AMERICA'S CUP.

General Satisfaction Expressed at the Decision Arrived at.

New York, Jan. 7.—When it was learned in this city that the Royal Yacht Squadron had accepted the conditions laid down by the America cup committee there was jubilation in yachting circles and also among the large contingent of patriotic citizens, who have an abiding faith in the ability of the American yacht to meet all comers. The final acceptance of the terms removes the last obstacle in the way of an international race. As the matter now stands Lord Dunraven has the right to ask that the first race be set for eight months from to-day, or September 7th, but as the date comes on a Saturday he will probably suggest either September 10 or 17 for the race. Whatever date is selected will be subject to a postponement in case the new Valkyrie does not arrive in time to allow Lord Dunraven three weeks to fit her for the contest. The final races, likely those of 1895, will be outside of Sandy Hook, and will be started from the vicinity of Scotland lightship. There will be three races, each over a thirty mile course and at least one day must elapse between the racing days.

TORONTO ELECTIONS.

Mayor Kennedy Returned by a Very Narrow Majority.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—The municipal elections to-day passed off quietly throughout Ontario. In some of the constituencies the P. P. A. conducted the campaign on strictly religious lines, but in the great bulk this issue was not raised, publicly at least, and so far the results received indicate that the religious issue cut no great figure. In this city the campaign was very exciting. Mayor Kennedy, candidate for a second term, was opposed by ex-Mayor Fleming, who was defeated last year by a majority of 4500. The complete returns give Kennedy a majority of 12 votes, and it may require an official recount before a decision is reached. At Hamilton, Mayor Stewart, P. P. A. candidate, who swept the city last year with a majority of 1500, was re-elected by 256.

Before you go home to-night just order a trial bottle of Brown's Three Star * * * Special Scotch. You will be delighted with it and you will find that there is not so much "difference in the morning"

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Miscellany.

Nubar Pasha, president of the Egyptian council of ministers, was recently chased by a bull. He escaped death by a lucky toss up.

Paderewski's father, who died a couple of weeks ago, was 64 years old, but looked 80. He was made prematurely old by a seven years' imprisonment in Siberia.

Mr. S. S. McClure, who is probably as well qualified to speak of the late Robert Louis Stevenson's affairs as anybody in this country, says this author's earnings with his pen approached $200,000, estimating of course the present value of his copyrights. All this is practically the work of the past six or seven years.

WEAK MAN

Cure yourself in seven days. I will send Free (sealed) the prescription and full particulars of a new and positive remedy for all weakness in young or old men. Cures lost manhood, nervous weakness, impotency in 15 days. I will also furnish remedies if desired. Enclose stamp and address P.O. Box 578, Toronto, Ont. e-o-d

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Liberal Association.

A meeting of the Liberal Association will be held on Monday evening, January 7th, when Dr. G. L. Milne will deliver an address upon the "Evil Effects of Protection in Canada."

J. T. BETHUNE, Secretary.

Medical Examinations.

The next examination of the B. C. Medical Council will be held in Victoria on Tuesday, the 8th day of January. Full particulars by applying to

G. L. MILNE,
d24-2w Registrar and Secretary.

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I offer myself again as a candidate for re-election as Alderman for the above Ward and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

j5-td LOUIS VIGELIUS.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

At the request of many electors I beg to offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the coming election. Having been in business for a number of years I fancy that I am well known to you all, and if elected will try and do my best for this ward and the city generally. I am in favor of paving the principal streets, and of a permanent roadway in place of the present bridge. A new steam fire engine is much needed, and it will be my first step to procure an appropriation for the same and to redistribute the apparatus as the chief may direct. The streets in the business parts should be thoroughly cleaned before business hours. In my opinion the city engineer is perfectly competent to construct first-class filter beds to our water works and to advise the council on all matters in connection with those works and others pertaining to his office. I promise that if elected I will assist all measures that will promote the best interests of our city. I am, yours respectfully,

JOHN PARTRIDGE,
Lansdowne House.

To the Electors of Central Ward

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I offer myself for Alderman for Central Ward. Your vote and influence are respectfully requested. Should you elect me, I will faithfully discharge the duties of the responsible position and do my utmost to guard your interests.

DR. RICHARD MORRISON.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I respectfully offer myself as a candidate to represent your interests at the forthcoming election as Alderman, and solicit your votes and influence. If elected I will do the best I possibly can to forward the best interests of the city.

CHAS. WILLIAMS.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

In answer to a numerously signed requisition, I am a candidate for Alderman of the North Ward, and if elected will prove myself to secure pure, economical, efficient and just government under and by popular forms, and pledge myself to resist at all times any attempt to curtail the rights of the whole people to self government.

JOHN MACMILLAN.
Victoria January 7th, 1895.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

At the request of electors I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Alderman at the coming election.

BEAUMONT BOGGS.
(Colonist copy.)

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

Having been numerously requested to run for Alderman for North Ward, I respectfully ask your vote and influence. It will be my earnest endeavor, if elected, to advance in every way in my power the best interests of Victoria.

FRED W. WELDON.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for Alderman for the above ward for the ensuing year.

W. G. CAMERON.
(Colonist copy.)

ELECTION CARDS.

MAYORALTY.

To the Voters of the City of Victoria.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the request of a number of voters I beg to offer myself for re-election to the office of Mayor at the Municipal Elections for the ensuing year and most respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

I beg to remain your most obedient servant,

JNO. TEAGUE.

To the Electors of Central Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for re-election as Alderman for the above ward for the ensuing year.

WM. HUMPHREY.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

In compliance with the wishes of a large number of electors, I offer myself as a candidate at the municipal election and solicit your votes and influence. Your obedient servant,

JOHN JARDINE.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I again offer myself as a candidate for Alderman to the above ward at the forthcoming election.

W. J. DWYER.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

I am a candidate for a seat at the Aldermanic Board at the coming municipal election.

d29-tf EDWARD A. LEWIS.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the Board of Aldermen at the coming Municipal election and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

j2 M. HUMBER.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

At the request of a number of ratepayers I offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming municipal election and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Yours etc.,

WM. ALLEN.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

While making my bow and wishing you all a happy New Year, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for your suffrage at the coming election for alderman. Believing as I do that a personal canvas is wrong and to a large extent a violation of the secrecy of the ballot, I shall carry into practice what I believe to be right in the matter. I shall endeavor to express myself as clearly as possible on municipal matters at the different ward meetings, and if elected will serve you faithfully to the best of my ability. Soliciting your votes and influence, I remain, ladies and gentlemen, yours faithfully,

d28-tf J. C. BLACKETT.

To the Property Owners and Ratepayers of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

Having been requested by a large number of voters to offer myself as a candidate for the coming election of the Board of Aldermen, I respectfully ask the favor of your interest and votes. The sanitary condition of the city, also the water supply are of paramount importance; and all questions pertaining to the welfare of the inhabitants would receive the most impartial consideration at my hands should you see fit to return me. It is impossible to enumerate in detail the various matters awaiting discussion at the hands of the future representatives; therefore I prefer to adopt an independent course, feeling sure that you would wish to set all questions affecting your interests to be voted on in a manner consistent with true judgment. Should you do me the favor to elect me as one of your representatives it will be my endeavor to do all the good I can, to all the people I can, in all the ways I can. Yours obediently,

j2 D. W. McNAUGHTON.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I respectfully offer myself as a candidate at the forthcoming election as Alderman and solicit your votes and influence.

HEDLEY CHAPMAN.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I beg respectfully to offer myself as a Candidate for election as Alderman for the South Ward in the coming election. Having had previous experience in the Council, and being in a position to devote considerable time to civic affairs, if elected, I will use my utmost endeavors to further the best interests of the South Ward and the city generally.

JOHN BALL.
James Bay, Jan. 1st, 1895. j2

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held in March, 1895, for a transfer to Ross James Ferguson of the license now held by me to sell spirituous liquors by retail upon the premises known as The Gordon Hotel, situate on Johnson street, in the City of Victoria.

ALEX. HENDRY.
Dated this 18th day of December, 1894.
f7 1m

LEGAL NOTICES.

Mortgage Sale

On Friday, January 18th, 1895, at 2 p.m. Under and by virtue of the power contained in a certain first mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Coldstream Hotel, Vernon, B. C., by Richard J. Davies, Esq., auctioneer, the following property, situate at Enderby, B. C., namely:

Lot 33 of the Townsite of Enderby, according to Plan 211, and forming part of Lot 150 of the Okanagan Division of Yale District, together with the messuage erected thereon and known as "Brewsters."

Terms one third cash down; balance in six and nine months.

For conditions of sale apply to the auctioneer or C. Dubois Mason, Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B. C., solicitor for the vendor. j5-10t

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Charles Russell and James McDonald under the firm name of Russell, McDonald & Co., 154 Douglas street, Victoria, B. C., has been dissolved from the 2nd day of January, 1895, by mutual consent. James McDonald continuing the Vancouver business, 62 Cordova street, and assuming all liabilities for the same, and Charles Russell continues the Victoria business, 154 Douglas street, and assumes all liabilities for the same.

CHARLES RUSSELL.
JAMES McDONALD.
January 2nd, 1895. j2-7t

ESTATE OF M. B. LANG, DECEASED.

Sale by Tender

Sealed tenders at a rate on the dollar are invited for the purchase of the whole of the stock-in-trade (consisting of Groceries, Hardware, Dry Goods, and stock-in-trade of a General Merchant) belonging or appertaining to the business lately carried on by Margaret Boyce Lang, deceased, situate at Golden, B.C. Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st day of February, 1895. Particulars and all other information may be obtained upon application to the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. C. FLUMERFELT,
Victoria, B.C.,
Administrator of the Estate of M. S. Lang, deceased. d28-1m

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Ltd

NOTICE

Is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the above company held on November 30th, 1894, an assessment of our fourth of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, secretary, at the companies' office, Quesnelle, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1895, shall be deemed delinquent and dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.
Quesnelle, B. C., Nov. 30th, 1894.
d7-6w-d&w

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th day of January, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act to incorporate a Benefit Society to be called "The Canadian Order of Foresters," with its head office at the City of Brantford, Ontario, with power to insure the members thereof and to establish subordinate Courts of Foresters throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Dated at Brantford, the 26th day of November, A.D. 1894.

HARDY, WILKES & HARDY,
d11-9w Solicitors for Applicants.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held in the month of March next, for a transfer to William Carr Burns of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Mirror Saloon, situate at the corner of Yates and Broad streets, in the City of Victoria.

Dated this 5th day of December, 1894.

ROBERT DUDGEON.
d18-1m.

DAIRYMEN.

The annual meeting of the Dairymen's Association will be held in the Board of Trade rooms, Victoria, on Wednesday, January 30th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a.m.

All interested in this important industry are requested to be present.

Special rates of passage are being arranged.

A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Secretary.

NOTICE

The Leander Tepid Swimming Baths are now open again by F. J. Mesher. Donald F. McDonald has no connection with these baths whatever. Massage and Electric baths can be given as usual.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Govt Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FRASER VALLEY SUFFERERS

Board of Trade Council Think the City Should Contribute Towards Helping

The Sufferers by the Spring Flood —What Mayor Teague Has to Say.

The council of the board of trade met in their rooms this morning and discussed the subject of relief to the Fraser river valley sufferers.

President Flumerfelt said that the meeting was called for the purpose of considering the Fraser Valley distress. Secretary Elworthy was asked to read the communications from Secretary Lewis of the relief committee, and between the Board of Trade and Mayor Teague. The communications are as follows:—

New Westminster, Nov. 14, 1894

E. Elworthy, Esq., Secretary B. C. Board of Trade:

Dear Sir:—Replying to your favor of the 6th inst., it was the intention of the executive committee to have published a statement of its operations earlier than this. It has, however, been found necessary to delay it in order that it might be more complete. That statement is now in hand, and will be published in the course of next week and will furnish you with a large part of the information you desire. It is, however, I presume, the intention of your inquiry to learn rather the present aspect of affairs in the Fraser valley than a resume of the past, and to that I will address myself.

There are a large number of small ranchers with families whose outlook for the winter and spring is very discouraging. Their cattle have gone dry; their crops have not matured; they are short of clothing; their credit at the local stores is exhausted, and they have very little prospect of making both ends meet unless they can get occasional help from this committee. It has been the policy of this committee to extend such help in small amounts from time to time, thus gradually becoming acquainted with the applicants' circumstances and ensuring that at any rate no serious mistake would be made. Following up this policy, the committee's operations have gradually centred principally around Dewney, Nicomen Island and adjacent neighborhood, where the flood has taken the means of life out of the settlers' hands more completely than elsewhere; and where from having no comparatively unhurt neighbors to assist them their case is most serious. There are some calls from other districts still, but that mentioned is the worst, and will tax the means of the committee to the utmost.

Assuming, as is undoubtedly true, that the above class of applicants will require all that the committee has to dispose of, there yet remain two matters which require most serious consideration, cattle feed and seed for next spring. Large amounts would be required to do anything in the way of direct giving under these two heads, and a great many need to be carried over in these matters whose cases do not come under the direct "personal" head that the committee by the state of its funds is compelled to adhere to. Much valuable assistance could be rendered were the committee in a position to supply these lines as required and recover in kind next fall, but in any case there would be a considerable margin of loss between present buying prices and probable selling prices of such produce when returned. This is, I believe, the most serious matter before the committee, and if your board could in any way strengthen its hands in dealing with it I am sure such action would be highly appreciated, not only by the committee, but by the many who, while unwilling to seek relief, and whose circumstances would not justify them in accepting a gift while others are short of the necessaries of life, are still unable to find feed for their cattle or seed for their farms.

Submitting the above for the consideration of your board,

I have the honor to be, dear sir,

Yours truly,
THOMAS LEWIS,
Sec.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 3rd, 1894.

To His Worship the Mayor, Victoria:

Dear Sir:—By direction of the president and council of the board I beg to hand you herewith a letter received from the secretary of the Fraser valley relef committee, dated November 14th last, which has been held over awaiting the printed report referred to.

The report is now to hand, but dealing as it does principally with the work done by the committee and simply confirming the secretary's letter as to the present condition and requirements of the settlers in the districts affected by the flood, it is only necessary to state that the accounts attached to the report show that, besides sundry provincial and other contributions aggregating $5,767 73, the city of New Westminster contributed $1,797 40; Vancouver, $736 45; Nanaimo, $464 20; Victoria, only $151 60, $140 of this latter sum being the proceeds of a concert given by the Arion club.

The council feel assured that it is only necessary to bring these facts to your notice and to remind you of your promise, made at their meeting, held September 11th last, that you would recommend that this city contribute $1000 towards the relief of the sufferers by the flood.

The council of the board are of opinion that prompt assistance should be given in the direction indicated, and I am instructed to ask you to be good enough to give this matter your early attention, and, if practicable, to advise me not later than Saturday noon of any action you intend to take.

I have the honor to be, dear sir,

Yours faithfully,
F. ELWORTHY,
Secretary.

January 5, 1895.

F. Etworthy, Esq., Secretary of the Board of Trade, Victoria, B.C.:

Sir,—In answer to your favor of the 3rd inst., in regard to the matter of relief to the sufferers by the Fraser valley flood, last summer, referring to my intention in relation thereto, as expressed at the meeting of the board of trade held on the 11th of September last, and making inquiries as to the action I propose now to take in respect to the matter, I beg to state that at the time when said meeting was held an intense feeling of public sympathy had been aroused, and it was expected, and naturally too, that every part of the province would contribute its quota to the relief of sufferers from so great a disaster, but, as is well known, the relief afforded by the government was both prompt and generous, so much so, in fact, that every account received daily through the press of the devastation wrought by the flood contained also a recital of the measures adopted by the government for the relief of those injuriously affected thereby.

Relief also poured in from localities outside of the province, so that for a time it seemed as if the contributions from all quarters was, under the guidance of the committee, to be equal to the exigencies of the case.

This idea was strengthened in the public mind by press notices and assurances that the sufferers were, in most instances, if not in all, being comfortably provided for.

Under these circumstances it seemed only reasonable to wait until the exact condition of the loss and relief afforded could be obtained. That condition has not been made known in detail, as you are aware, until very recently.

It comes to hand, I regret, at a very inopportune time, so far as any action of mine may be concerned.

It is hardly necessary for me to say that I would be quite willing to make any recommendation to the council in keeping with the urgency of the case, but the council's term of office expires on the 17th or 18th inst., the accounts for the year 1894 are closed, and the revenue for 1895 belongs to the council of 1895.

You will therefore, I am sure, see the necessity for putting the representation you desire to the incoming council, and I can only give you such assurance as I may now be in a position to afford that such representation will be made.

I have the honor to be,

Your obedient servant,
JNO. TEAGUE,
Mayor.

President Flumerfelt asked whether it would be well to leave the matter to the incoming city council, or to ask the newspapers to open a subscription.

Hewitt Bostock said the first thing to be done was to feed the people during the winter.

C. E. Renouf said the council had a surplus of $3500 in the bank and a portion of that could be voted. The council was using this money for other purposes. An idea had been advocated to advance the farmers money to buy seed and charge them interest. He moved that the matter be again referred to the council and that body reminded that there is surplus in the bank.

A. C. Flumerfelt said it was a pity that Victoria had only given such a small sum.

A. B. Gray thought the matter should be kept in abeyance till the next council came in and the question of relief to the Fraser river sufferers might be made a plank in the platform of the mayoralty contest.

Gus Leiser favored the idea of taking up subscriptions through the newspapers.

Mr. Gray thought that the correspondence should be published.

Gus Leiser was of the opinion that the publication of the correspondence would do Victoria no good. There was a great deal of poverty on the Fraser river; he knew that personally. It was a shame that the matter had been neglected.

Mr. Renouf replied that the mayor was to blame.

Gus Leiser said the government gave the people some seed and Minister Baker went up and patted the settlers on the back and it was all right; anyone could do that. The farmers were so hard up that they could not meet their notes.

Mr. Flumerfelt asked was a resolution offered.

Gus Leiser thought the correspondence should be published to show that the board was not to blame.

Mr. Gray said the letter of Mr. Teague showed that he was looking after the coffers of the city and not going into any unnecessary expenditure.

Gus Leiser and A. B. Gray put their heads together and produced the following resolution which was duly carried:

"Moved by Gus Leiser, seconded by C. E. Renouf: Whereas for reasons set forth in the correspondence referred to in this resolution but little has been done by Victoria city towards the relief of the sufferers by the Fraser valley floods, be it resolved that the incoming municipal council be requested to vote a sum of money towards the said relief fund in keeping with the importance of the city, and, further, that the various newspapers be asked in addition to open special subscription lists for the same object, and that the press be requested to publish correspondence had by the board in connection with this subject."

Supt. Sharpe, of the experimental farm, offered to supply samples of cereals for the board of trade room. Received with thanks.

MAKING MONEY.

Profits to Be Found in the Utilization of Waste Products.

Where are we to look for new outlets? Inventors and discoverers are the saviours of society. The photographic art is modern enough to be a useful case in point. Photographers increased 41 per cent from 1871 to 1881, and 59 per cent in the following decade. New industries give rise to new wastes; and it was not long before it was discovered that the precious metal used in the developing solutions could be recovered, or that the yolk of eggs, whose white was employed in providing albuminized paper, need not be thrown away as valueless, but would realize handsome prices from pastrycooks. The history of waste products, indeed, is extremely instructive, and very pertinent to this article. In some cases by-products have become the main products. Gas-tar—truly an unpromising material—now yields numberless products, as any science primer shows. From even more unlikely sources scents are obtained. As Lord Playfair once said:—"Many a fathead is damped with that butte de mille-fleurs without knowing that its essential ingredient is derived from the drainage of a cowhouse." To the French belongs the greatest credit in discovering new means in making money. The Parisian chiffonier is much sharper than his London brother, who does a queer trade in cigar ends and old hats, boots, etc., which are "faked" to look as good as new. It was a Parisian who first utilized old sardine tines, long regarded as worthless. He extracted the solder, and utilized the tin in the manufacture of toys, and for beating into furniture. Another Parisian, an old soldier, collected old crusts and made them into bread crumbs for cooks, and in time started a place of business, whence were supplied croutes au pot, so dear to connoiseurs in soups.—London Exchange.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS.

A Large Industry Which Has Not Yet Reached Perfection.

The manufacture of ribbons for typewriting machines is an industry which gives employment to a large number of people. On nearly all first-class typewriters these inked ribbons are used. There are at least forty different styles of American typewriters, and more than 400,000 machines are in actual use. As the average life of a ribbon is from four to six weeks, the number of concerns which seek to supply the market with this article is not surprising.

They make ribbons of every conceivable color and variety, from six to ten yards in length, and capable of writing in copying or non-copying ink, says the New York Sun. Some ribbons are made with print in one color and show an entirely different color when the manuscript is copied by means of the letter press. For instance, a ribbon which writes black may copy blue or green, making the record much more legible on certain qualities of paper. The manager of a concern in this city which turns out several hundred ribbons daily said to a reporter that at a low estimate fifty plants engaged in the manufacture of these ribbons have been established in the United States this year.

Each manufacturer has a secret process for making his particular style of ribbon, and the secret is guarded with the greatest possible care. One maker in this city has each box and jar containing powder or pigment for making the ink distinctly numbered, and even the employe who mixes it is obliged to follow his printed instructions mechanically, and remains entirely ignorant of the composition he is using. One may witness the whole process and go away as ignorant as before.

The best ribbons have selvaged edges which prevent their raveling and curling when in use. They are nearly uniform in thickness, though one ribbon is made of very thin texture to be used when an extra large number of carbon copies are desired, and the imprint of the type must be as clear as possible and free from blurs. The greatest care must be taken in selecting the cloth from which the ribbons are made. If the texture is woven too closely it will not hold sufficient ink, and if woven too loosely it will become clogged with ink and smirch the paper. Moreover, such a ribbon will fill the type of the machine and greatly annoy the operator.

A prime difficulty encountered by manufacturers is how to prevent evaporation of ink from the ribbon when it is used and exposed to the air. This has been largely overcome in the last two or three years.

The man in charge of a large New York house which makes writing inks and typewriter ribbons said recently that the most noticeable thing in his trade was the great decrease in the sale of ordinary copying ink. It is being almost entirely supplanted by the copying typewriter ribbon, which gives far better results. Despite the great number of ribbons in the market and the constant efforts of expert chemists everywhere to produce one that will satisfy everybody, those giving all-round satisfaction are not easy to find, and dealers in supplies of this nature often have extreme difficulty in furnishing what is wanted. This country furnishes practically all the typewriter ribbons in use both here and abroad.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound, Jan. 8—Langley & Co., Fred Carne, jr. J. H. Todd & Son.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosale from teh sound, Jan. 8—Mrs S. Stevens, F. O. Fraser, C. G. Austin, E. D. Shaw, R. S Ward, V. H. Mitchell, J. E. Kemfston, E. O Keede, Wm Cropab, A. C Barnes, E. O Shaw, C. R. Whetmore, Alexander Ronald, Mrs Sadie Stone.

Common Sense

Should be used in attempting to cure that very disagreeable disease, catarrh. As catarrh originates in impurities in the blood, local appliances can do no permanent good. The common sense method of treatment is to purify the blood, and for this purpose there is no preparation superior to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS cure constipation by restoring peristaltic action to the alimentary canal.

John Polax stood on a railroad track in Chicago and took a pinch of snuff. He was seized with such a fit of sneezing that he was unable to get out of the way of an approaching train and was killed.

New Advertisements continued on page 8

The Joyous Christmas Season

Is here and as usual we have everything the best with which to celebrate it.

Delicious LAYER RAISINS, DATES, FIGS, etc., for table use.

FRENCH CRYSTALIZED FRUITS.

CHRISTMAS CHEER—The best WINES AND LIQUORS.

Leave your orders early for a turkey or goose.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,
Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER.

I am instructed by J. Marymont, Esq., to sell by Public Auction on the premises 152 GOVERNMENT STREET,

On Wednesday, January 16th, 1895

at 11 o'clock a.m., his entire stock of

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Valises, Safe, Showcase, Store Fixtures, Counters

ETC., ETC.

Terms at Sale. JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.
15

TELL All Your Friends In Every Store, At Popular Prices! **Blue Cross Tea** Has ARRIVED!! LEAD Packets Only.

HEAD OFFICE LONDON, ENGLAND. } Wholesale Agents: { **WILSON BROS.**

COMFORT

Can be obtained by the use of one of those DOWN QUILTS which Weilers are selling so cheaply.

A COMFORTER

In time of trouble is a great blessing, and so is a rich, warm Down Comforter these chilly nights.

COMFORTLESS

Will be the condition of those who neglect to furnish themselves with one of Weiler Bros.' cheap Down Quilts.

WEILER BROS.,
.....51 to 55 Fort Street.

A Consignment of **Brass Kettles** and Stands received to-day will be cleared out at cost.

DAVIDSON BROS.,
The Jewelers,
59 Government St.

FOR THE NORTH
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports via Vancouver on
Tuesday, January 8th,
At 7 o'clock p.m. from Sproat's wharf. For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. B. WARREN,
6 Trounce Avenue,
Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

A Ship Social.....

Will be held in the School Room of the First Presbyterian Church on

Wednesday Evening, January 9th,

The steamer New San Pedro will start on a two hours' trip at 8 o'clock sharp.

An excellent programme will be provided and refreshments served on board.

Fare for round trip, 50 cents; children 25 cents.

A novel entertainment. Don't miss it.

VICTORIA THEATRE

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF

Mr. Thomas Keene

The Eminent Shakespearian Tragedian
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY

Friday & Saturday, Jan. 11 & 12

AND SATURDAY MATINEE.

FRIDAY EVENING, ... HAMLET
SATURDAY MATINEE, Romeo and Juliet
SATURDAY EVENING, - RICHARD III

Supported by a company of established reputation. With new and brilliant costumes and a perfection of stage details.

PRICES: Night, $1.50 and $1.00; Gallery, 50 cents. Matinee: $1.00, 75 cents and 50 cents.

Sale of seats opens To-morrow (Tuesday) morning at 10 o'clock at Jamieson's.

Victoria Poultry AND DOG SHOW.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, January, 29, 30 and 31st.

For catalogue and entry forms address
W. C. CHAMBERS, Sec.,
Victoria.
13-9t-3tw

Bank of British Columbia.

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.
Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 18th Nov., 1894.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Laurentian	Jan. 15
Allan Line, Numidian	Feb. 2
Allan Line, Mongolian	Feb. 16
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Jan 26
Dominion Line, Oregon	Feb. 9
Dominion Line, Labrador	Feb. 23

From New York.

Cunard Line, Campania	Jan. 12
Cunard Line, Umbria	Jan. 19
American Line, Paris	Jan. 16
American Line, Chester	Jan. 30
White Star Line, Tuetonic	Jan. 16
White Star Line, Britanic	Jan. 23
North Ger. Lloyd, Elbe	Jan. 15
North Ger. Lloyd, Rhe	Jan. 29
Red Star Line, Noordland	Jan. 16
Red Star Line, Waesland	Jan. 23

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.